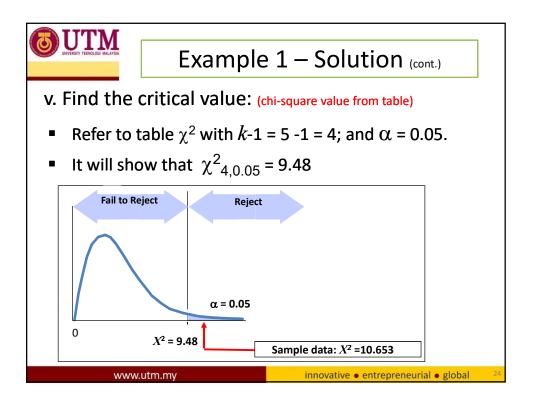
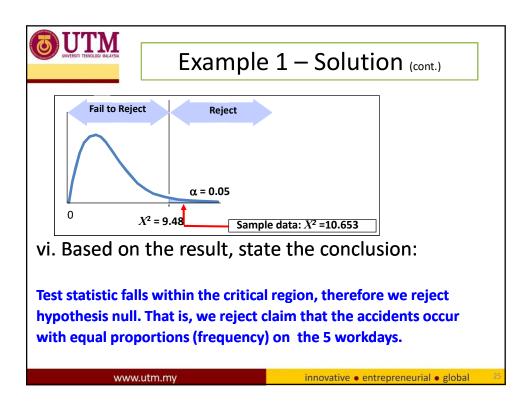


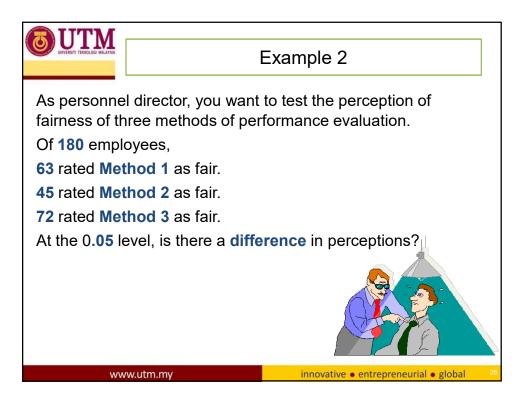
ii. Calculate the expected frequency: E = n/k = 147/5 = 29.4 <b>Observed and Expected Frequencies</b> Observed accidents 31 42 18 25 31 E: Expected accidents 29.4 29.4 29.4 29.4 29.4	$E = n/k = 147/5 = 29.4$ Observed and Expected Frequencies $\frac{Day}{Dote Mon Tues Wed Thurs Fri}{Discriberation Constraints}$	<b>B</b> UNVER	STIT TEKNOLOGI MALATSIA	Exar	nple	e 1 -	– So	lution (cont.)	
Observed and Expected Frequencies         Day       Mon       Tues       Wed       Thurs       Fri         O:       Observed accidents       31       42       18       25       31	Observed and Expected Frequencies         Day       Mon       Tues       Wed       Thurs       Fri         O:       Observed accidents       31       42       18       25       31	ii. C	Calculate th	e ex	pect	ed f	requ	ency:	
Day     Mon     Tues     Wed     Thurs     Fri       O:     Observed accidents     31     42     18     25     31	Day     Mon     Tues     Wed     Thurs     Fri       O:     Observed accidents     31     42     18     25     31		E = <i>n/k</i> =	147	/5 =	: 29.	4		
Day     Mon     Tues     Wed     Thurs     Fri       O:     Observed accidents     31     42     18     25     31	Day     Mon     Tues     Wed     Thurs     Fri       O:     Observed accidents     31     42     18     25     31								
O: Observed accidents 31 42 18 25 31	O: Observed accidents 31 42 18 25 31		-		-		Thurs	Eri	
E: Expected accidents 29.4 29.4 29.4 29.4 29.4	E: Expected accidents 29.4 29.4 29.4 29.4 29.4	0:							
	<u>.</u>	E:	Expected accidents	29.4	29.4	29.4	29.4	29.4	
			www.utm.my				innovativ	/e • entrepreneurial • ;	global

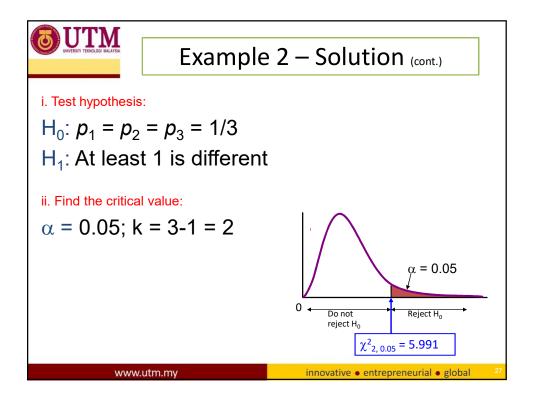
	E>	kam	ple	1 –	Sol	ution (cont.)	
iii. Calculate	the d	iffer	ent k	betwe	een	O and E:	
	(0	- E) <sup>2</sup>	<sup>2</sup> /E				
Observed and Exp	ected Fr	equen	cies of	Industri	al Acc	idents	
Day	Mon	Tues	Wed	Thurs	Fri		
<b>Observed accidents</b>	31	42	18	25	31		
Expected accidents	29.4	29.4	29.4	29.4	29.4		
(O -E)²/E	0.087:	1 5.40	00 4.42	04 0.65	85 0.0	0871 (rounded)	
	Ĺ		$\rightarrow$	(O - E) <sup>2</sup> E	= (3	1 - 29.4) <sup>2</sup> = 0.0871 29.4	
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	Ex	amp	ole 1	L — S	olution (cont.)
Observed and Exp	ected F	requenc	cies of I	ndustria	I Accidents
Day	Mon	Tues	Wed	Thurs	Fri
Observed accidents	31	42	18	25	31
Expected accidents	29.4	29.4	29.4	29.4	29.4
(O -E)²/E	0.0871	5.4000	4.4204	0.6585	0.0871 (rounded)
					ed chi-square value) 585 + 0.0871 = 10.6531

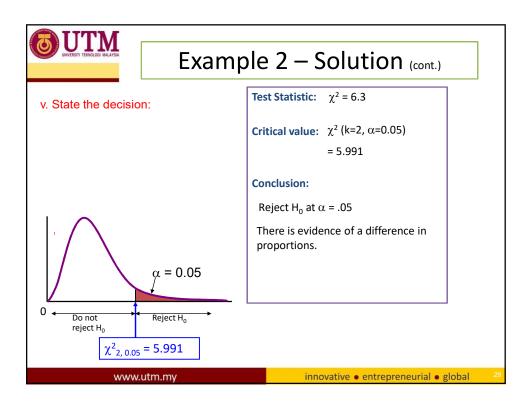




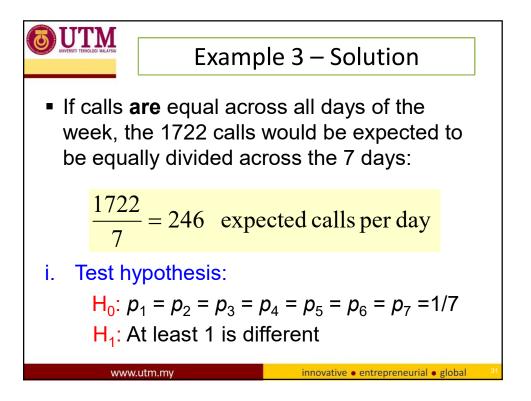




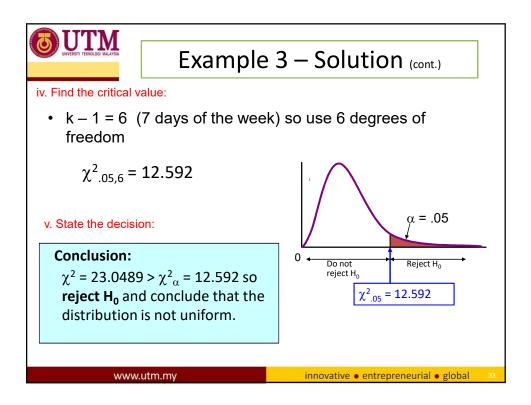
iii. Calculate the exp iv. Find the test stat	pected counts and,	2 – Soluti	ion (cont.)
Cell, i	Observed Count, o <sub>i</sub>	Expected Count, e <sub>i</sub>	[o <sub>i</sub> -e <sub>i</sub> )]²/ e <sub>i</sub>
1	63	(1/3)×180=60	0.15
2	45	(1/3)×180=60	3.75
3	72	(1/3)×180=60	2.40
Total	180	180	$\chi^2 = 6.30$
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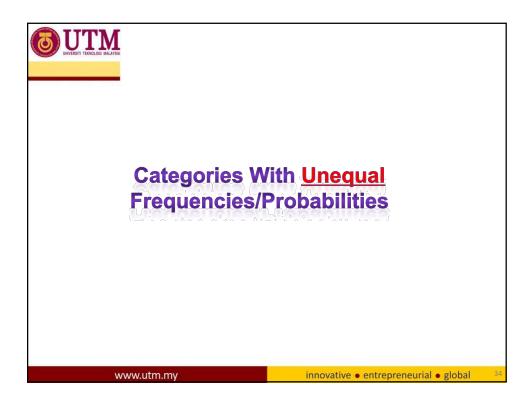


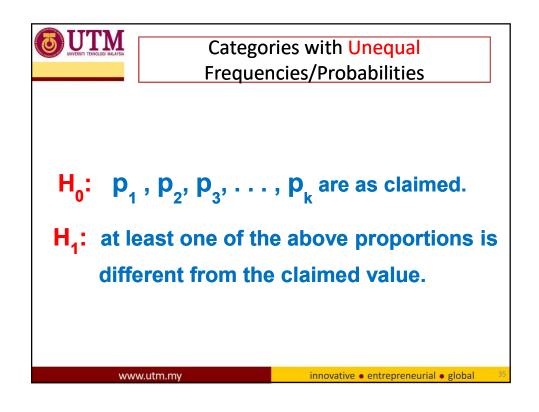
UTTM UNVERSITI TEAKOLOGI MALATSIA		Example 3	
<ul> <li>Are tech of the w</li> </ul>	••	calls equal across	all days
•Sa	imple data:		
		Sum of calls for each day:	
	Monday	290	
	Tuesday	250	
	Wednesday	238	
	Thursday	257	
	Friday	265	
	Saturday	230	
	Sunday	192	
		Σ <b>=</b> 1722	
www	<i>v</i> .utm.my	innovative • entrepren	eurial • global 30

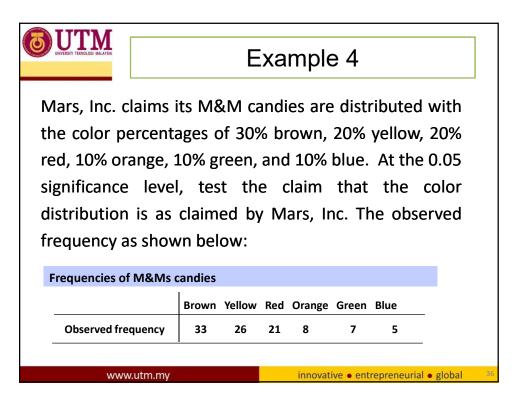


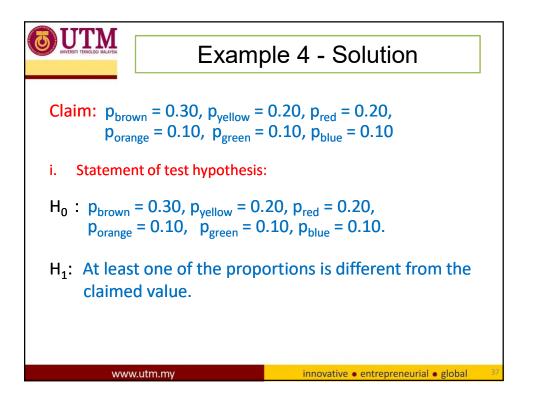
	Example	3 – Solut	ion (cont.)
ii. Calculate the expec iii. Find the test statist			
	Observed	Expected	[o <sub>i</sub> -e <sub>i</sub> )] <sup>2</sup> / e <sub>i</sub>
	O <sub>i</sub>	e <sub>i</sub>	
Monday	290	246	7.8699
Tuesday	250	246	0.0650
Wednesday	238	246	0.2602
Thursday	257	246	0.4919
Friday	265	246	1.4675
Saturday	230	246	1.0407
Sunday	192	246	11.8537
TOTAL	1722	1722	χ <sup>2</sup> = 23.0489
L			
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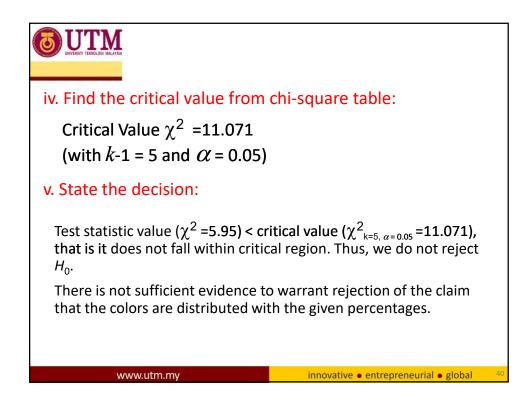






ii. Calcu	late t	he ex	pect	ted fre	equer	ncy:	
Frequencies of M&Ms of	andies						
	Brown	Yellow	Red	Orange	Green	Blue	
Observed frequency	33	26	21	8	7	5	<i>n</i> = 100
Expected frequency:							
Brown	E = np	9 = (100)	)(0.30	) = 30			
Yellow	E = np	9 = (100)	(0.20)	) = 20			
Red	E = np	9 = (100	)(0.20	) = 20			
Orange	E = <i>n</i> ]	<i>D</i> = (100	)(0.10	) = 10			
Green	E = <i>n</i> <sub>1</sub>	<i>D</i> = (100	)(0.10	) = 10			
Blue	E = nj	9 = (100	)(0.10	) = 10			
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iii. Calculate th	ie test	: stati	stic	@chi-	squai	re value:
	Brown	Yellow	Red	Orange	Green	Blue
Observed frequency	33	26	21	8	7	5
Expected frequency	30	20	20	10	10	10
(O -E)²/E	0.3	1.8	0.05	0.4	0.9	2.5
Test statistics value: $\chi^2 = \sum \frac{(O - E)^2}{E} =$	5.95					
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## Exercise

It was claimed that population at ABC country in 2008 consisted of 50.7% English, 6.6% French, 30.6% Irish, 10.8% Asians, and 1.3% other ethnic groups. Suppose that a random sample of 1000 student graduating from ABC colleges and universities in 2008 resulted in the accompanying data on ethnic group (see table below).

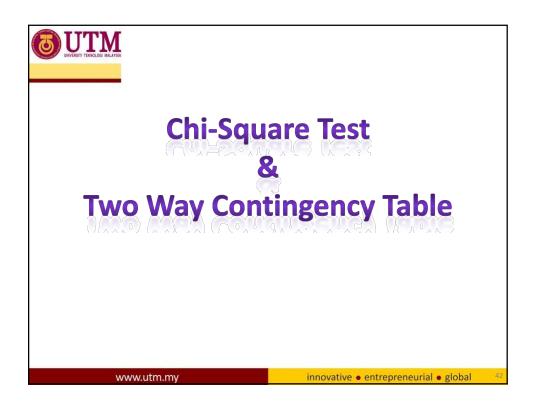
Ethnic Group	Number in Sample
English	679
French	51
Irish	77
Asian	190
Other	3

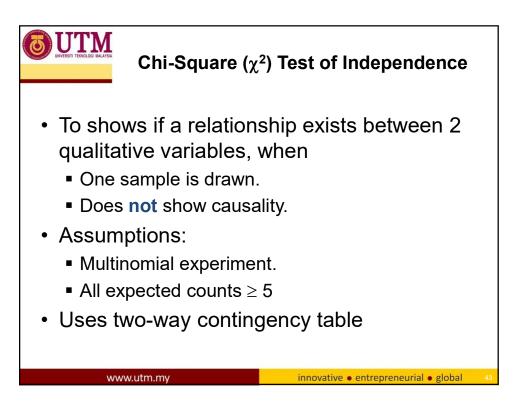
Do the data provide evidence that the proportion of students graduating from colleges and universities in ABC for these ethnic group categories differs from the respective proportions in the population for ABC? Test the appropriate hypotheses using  $\alpha$ =0.01.

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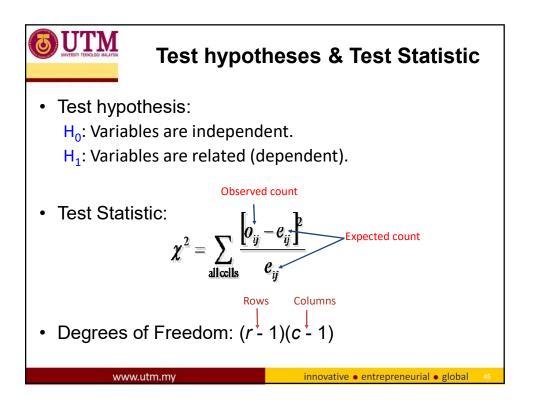
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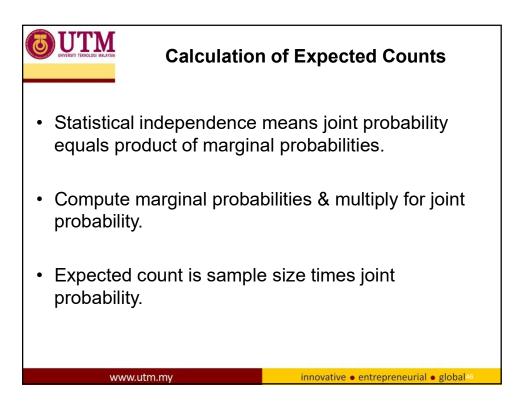
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UNIVERSITY	TENOLOGI MALATSA				
	ows # observat alitative variable		sample jo	pintly in 2	
			of variable: 2		
		<mark>House</mark> ↓	ocation		
	House Style	Urban	Rural	Total	
	Split-Level	63	49	112	
	Ranch 🤳	<b>15</b>	33	48	
	Total	78	82	160	
		Level of variable:	1		
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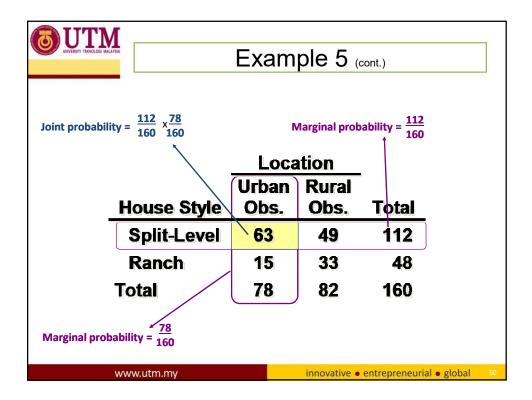


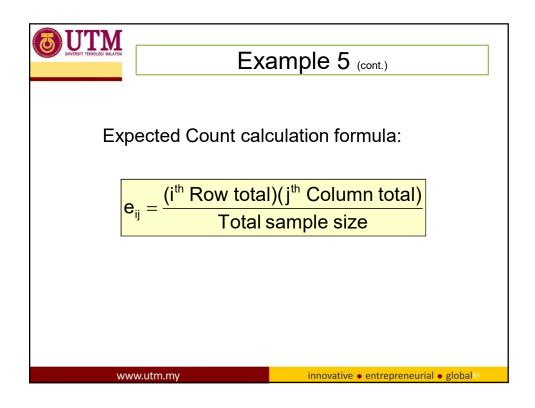


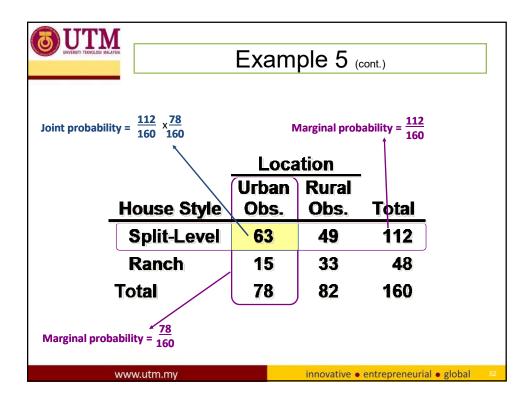
	Ex	ample	5	
	Loca			
House Style	Urban Obs.	Rural Obs.	Total	
Split-Level	63	49	112	
Ranch	15	33	48	
Total	78	82	160	
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<b>UTTN</b> UNVERSITI TENDLOGI MALA		Exam	ple 5 (	cont.)	
		Loca	Marginal prob	ability = $\frac{112}{160}$	
		Urban	Rural		
	House Style	Obs.	Obs.	Total	
•	Split-Level	63	49	112	
	Ranch	15	33	48	
	Total	78	82	160	
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	Exam	ple 5 (	cont.)	
	Ν	Aarginal prob	bability = $\frac{112}{160}$	
	Loca	<b>tion</b>		
	<b>Urban</b>	Rural		
House St	tyle <mark>Obs.</mark>	Obs.	<b>Total</b>	
Split-Le	vel <mark>63</mark>	49	112	
Ranch	15	33	48	
Total	78	82	160	
Marginal probability = $\frac{78}{160}$				
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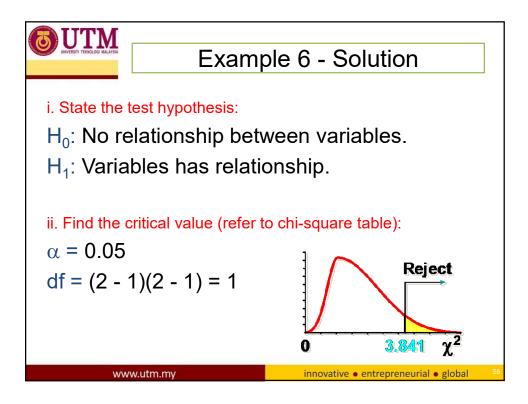






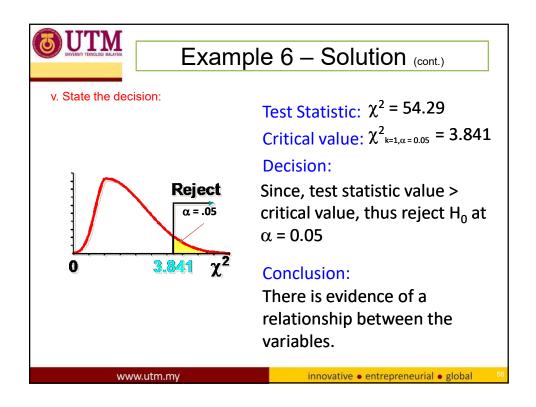
	E	Exam	ple 5	(cont.)		
<u>112·78</u> 160 \		ouse l			<u>112·82</u> / 160	
	\[	ban -		<b>iral</b>		
House Style	Obs.	Exp.	Obs.	Exp.	Total	
Split-Level	63	54.6	<b>49</b>	57.4	112	
Ranch	15	23.4	33	24.6	48	
Total	78 /	78	82	82	160	
	<u>48⁄78</u> 160				<u>8·82</u> .60	
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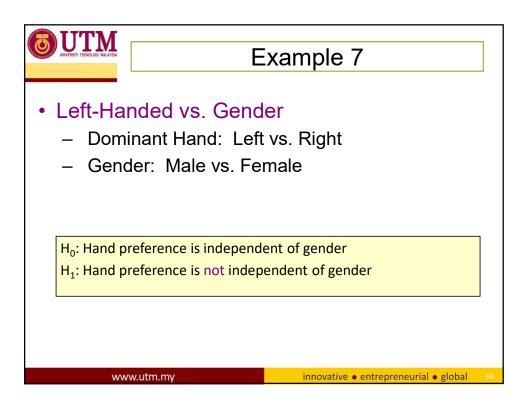
chase Diet F a <b>relationsh</b> Diet P	Pepsi	Coke. At the
Diet P	Pepsi	_
	•	_
	V	
No	Yes	Total
84	32	116
48	122	170
132	154	286
		innovative • e

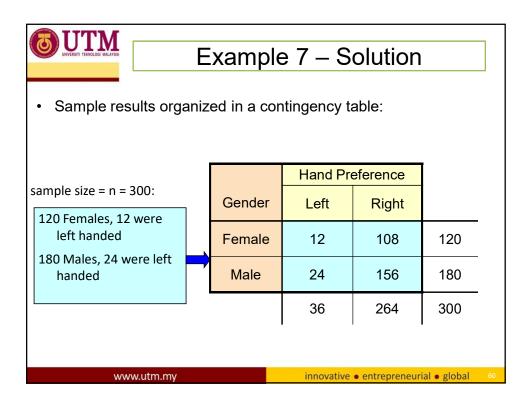


iii. Calculate the expecte	Exam	iple 6	6 – So	olutio	<b>N</b> (cont.)	
<u>116-132</u> 286	N	Diet   o	Pepsi Ye	es	<u>116.154</u> 286	
Diet Coke	Obs.	Exp.	Obs.	Exp.	Total	
No	84	53.5	32	62.5	116	
Yes	48	78.5	122	91.5	170	
Total	132	132	154	154	286	
	/ <u>170·132</u> 286				\ <u>0·154</u> 286	
$\checkmark e_{ij} \ge 5$ in all cells						
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iv. Calculate the tes		e 6 – Soluti	ON (cont.)
Cell, ij	Observed Count, o <sub>ij</sub>	Expected Count, e <sub>ij</sub>	[o <sub>ij</sub> -e <sub>ij</sub> )]²/ e <sub>ij</sub>
1,1	84	(116)(132)/286 =53.5	17.39
1,2	32	(116)(154)/286 =62.5	14.88
2,1	48	(170)(132)/286 =78.5	11.85
2,2	122	(170)(154)/286 =91.5	10.17
		χ²=	54.29
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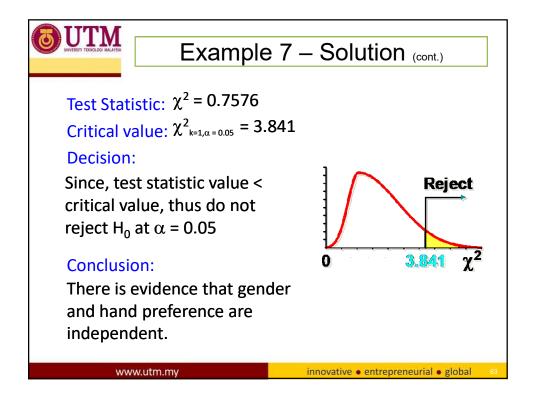






•	Observed fre	Example 7	7 — Solution (ca	ont.)			
	Hand Preference						
	Gender	Left	Right				
	Female	Observed = 12 Expected = 14.4	Observed = 108 Expected = 105.6	120			
	Male	Observed = 24 Expected = 21.6	Observed = 156 Expected = 158.4	180			
		36	264	300			
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	Example	e 7 – Soluti	ON (cont.)
Cell, ij	Observed Count, o <sub>ij</sub>	Expected Count, e <sub>ij</sub>	[o <sub>ij</sub> -e <sub>ij</sub> )]²/ e <sub>ij</sub>
1,1	12	(120)(36)/300 =14.4	0.4000
1,2	108	(120)(264)/300 =105.6	0.0545
2,1	24	(180)(36)/300 =21.6	0.2667
2,2	156	(180)(264)/300 =158.4	0.0364
		χ2=	0.7576
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acco prop sam	ording to the type o perty, drug offenses,	f crime committed: and public-order offe nates and 500 fema	the following four ca violent crime, crime enses. Suppose that le inmates are selec	against random
		Gender		
	Type of Crime	Male	Female	
	Violent	117	66	
	Property	150	160	
	Drug	109	168	
	Public-order	124	106	
	would like to know whe ffense. Test the relevant		mates differ with respective of 0.05.	ct to type