

**By :**

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**& Zaimi Tanasta**

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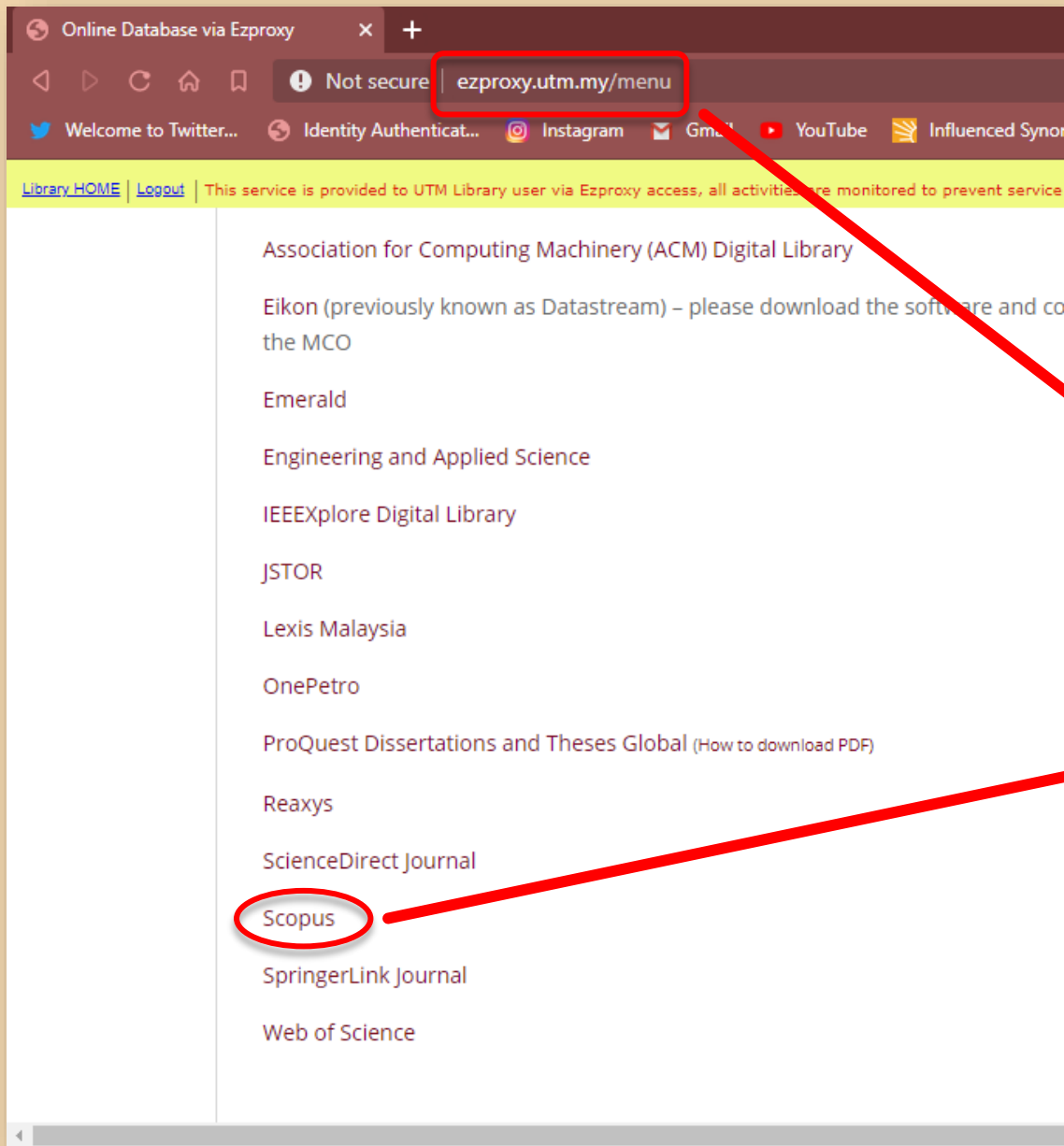
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# 03

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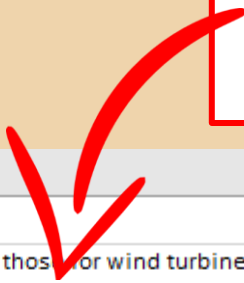
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    - ◊ Objective
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1	Authors	Title	Year	Volume	Issue	Page start	Page end	Abstract
2	Seidel M., Wegener F., van Dijk I.	Influence of flange dimensions and geometrical imperfections on stress concentrations at welded flange necks	2020					<p>Ring flange connections for tubular towers, like those for wind turbines or chimneys, are subjected to significant fatigue loading. Next to the bolts, the weld connecting the flange to the tower shell also needs to be checked against fatigue failure. The flange connects to the tower shell, which increase the meridional stress concentrations in the shell, which the influence of geometrical imperfections on stress concentrations is quantified and the influence of flange geometry on resulting stress is investigated. Recommendations are given for flange dimensions and the design procedure. © 2020 Ernst &amp; Sohn Verlag für Architektur und technische Wissenschaften GmbH &amp; Co. KG, Berlin. Fatigue 2020, 12(1): 1-12</p> <p>In the course of the European standard harmonization the introduction of the Eurocodes in the technical approved area for steel construction led to a significantly more conservative classification regarding fatigue failure, especially for flange to web connections of runway beams in heavy smeltery cranes compared to former design experiences such as from DIN 18800 and DIN 4132. Actually these changes would lead to a doubling of the cross-sectional thicknesses, which e.g. also can result in web plates with extreme thicknesses of 80 mm. Execution as well as monitoring of such flange to web connections using full penetration tee-butt welds are quite critical and could no longer be realized economically. Encouraged by the operators of such constructions and crane installations from the metallurgical industry, the aim was therefore to devise an amendment to the correspondent actual fatigue classification in the Eurocode. The basis for these efforts are crane runway girders designed according to the "old standard" and their damage behaviour for the notch detail "concentrated wheel load" at the upper neck weld. Some of these girders have been investigated and used for damage assessment for this connection type. It</p>

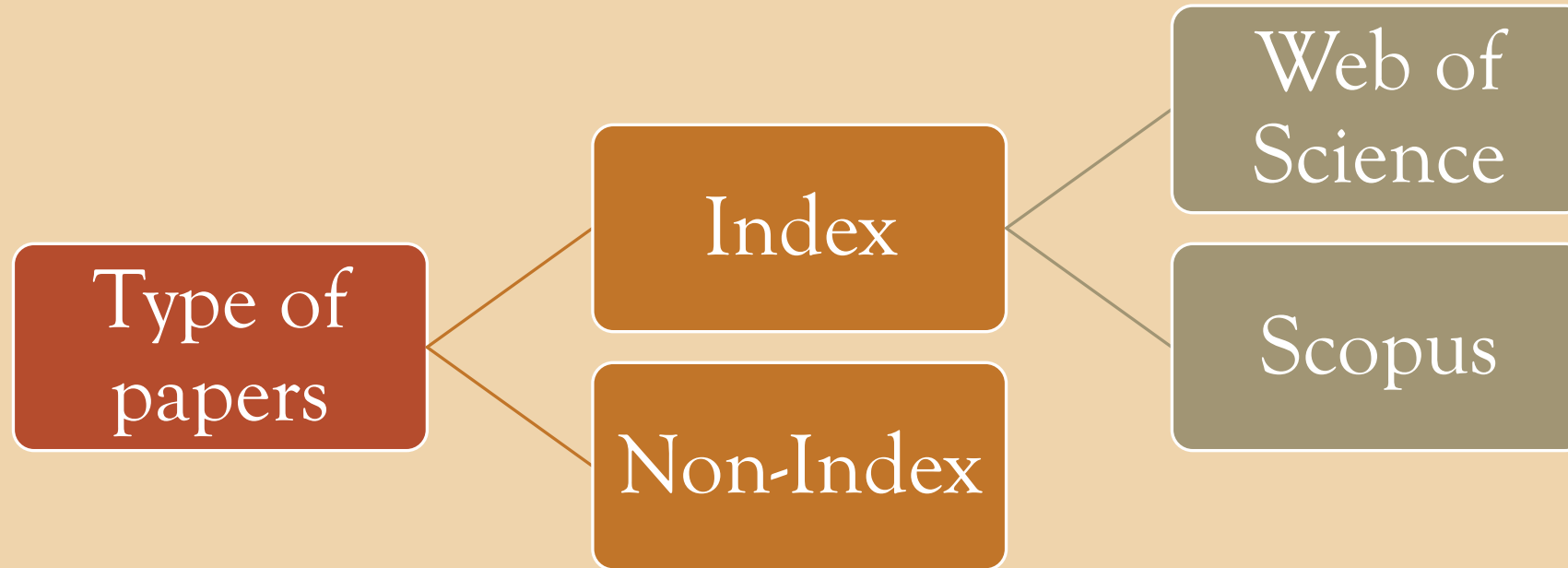
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