# DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICAL SCIENCES, FACULTY <br> OF SCIENCE <br> UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MALAYSIA <br> SEMESTER II 2014/2015 

SSCM 1033
Test 2(25\%)
Time: 1 hour 30 min. Answer all questions.

1. A right circular cylinder is measured with an error of $2 \%$ in radius and $3 \%$ in height. What is the maximum percentage error in calculating its volume?
[ 5 marks]
2. A cuboid having the dimension $30 \mathrm{~cm}, 40 \mathrm{~cm}$ and 50 cm is heated so that each sides elongated by $\frac{1}{8} \mathrm{~cm}$. By using partial derivative, estimate the increase in total surface area of the cuboid.
[ 5 marks]
3. If $z=\cos (5 x+3 y)$, show that $5 \frac{\partial^{2} z}{\partial y^{2}}-2 \frac{\partial^{2} z}{\partial x^{2}}=5 z$
[ 8 marks]
4. If $y^{2}=1+\sin x$, show that

$$
2 y \frac{d^{2} y}{d x^{2}}+2\left(\frac{d y}{d x}\right)^{2}+y^{2}=1
$$

Hence deduce the expansion of $\sqrt{(1+\sin x)}$ in ascending power of $x$ up to $x^{3}$.
[ 8 marks]
5. Find the Maclaurin's Series for $e^{x}$ upto the term $x^{4}$ and hence approximate the following integral,

$$
\int_{0}^{0.3} e^{-x^{4}} d x
$$

correct to 4 decimal places.
8 marks]
6. Obtain the local extremums and saddle point (if exists) for the function

$$
f(x, y)=6 x^{2}-2 x^{3}+6 y^{2}+6 x y
$$

[ 8 marks]
7. Given that the distance from the point $(1,3)$ to the circle, $x^{2}+y^{2}=90$ is $d=\sqrt{(x-1)^{2}+(y-3)^{2}}$. By using the method of Lagrange multipliers obtain the smallest value of $d$.

