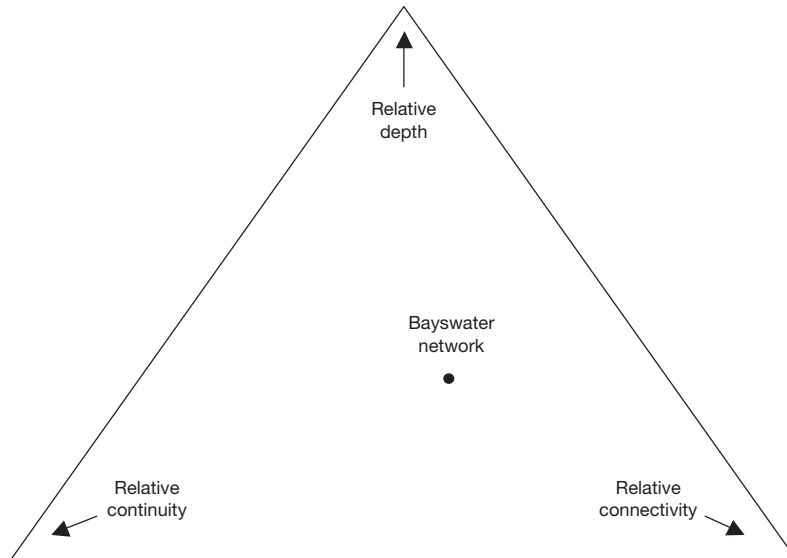


6.4 • The netgram. Each position on the netgram represents a combination of relative continuity, relative connectivity and relative depth, for a whole network. Here, the values are respectively 0.28, 0.43 and 0.3, for the Bayswater network.



are added to (or subtracted from) a network, points will appear on (or disappear from) the routegram, and the position of the resultant network on the netgram will tend to shift slightly.

The netgram may now be used to compare different networks and recognise network types based on their relative connectivity.

Sixty route structures compared

Table 6.2 shows the range of 60 actual, prototype and demonstrative route structures listed in their order of relative connectivity. Demonstrative networks are listed in a separate column since these help to 'calibrate' the table. There is an approximate correspondence between relative connectivity and the placing of networks in Figure 6.1.² Figure 6.6 then plots these 60 route structures on the netgram.

6.5 • Bayswater structure represented on routegram and netgram. (a) Routegram (Figure 5.15). (b) Netgram (Figure 6.4).

