

Figure 4.4 Pathway design parameters detail.

TABLE 4.1 Levels of Service for Sidewalks

Level of service	Area per person	Interference
A	$130~\mathrm{ft}^2$	A person can walk at his or her desired speed without interference.
В	$40130~\mathrm{ft}^2$	Pedestrians are aware of other pedestrians.
С	$2440~\mathrm{ft}^2$	A pedestrian needs to make minor adjustments to avoid conflicts with other pedestrians.
D	15 – $24 ext{ ft}^2$	A pedestrian has a limited ability to choose own speed, and he or she needs to make frequent adjustments.
E	$6-15 ext{ ft}^2$	The sidewalk is very crowded, speed is reduced, and the shuffling pace occasionally makes changes in direction very difficult.
F	$6~{ m ft}^2$	There can be stationary or shuffling movement only, and there is unavoidable contact with others.

SOURCE: American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), A Policy on General Design of Highways and Streets, AASHTO, Washington, D.C., 1990.

by 60 in (1525 by 1525 mm). If a ramp run has a rise greater than 6 in (150 mm) or a horizontal projection greater than 72 in (1830 mm), then it should have handrails on both sides. Note, however, that handrails are not required on curb ramps.