

Diagram 2: Some examples of old and new issues in heritage management

## An inclusive approach

Increased participation is necessary to address such multiple objectives: greater complexity requires advances in management practice. It should not, however, be assumed that a topdown approach is the only way to handle multiple issues. The term 'management' has been used in a very broad way in the heritage sector: as issues become more complex, there is a need to be more precise. Management approaches must accommodate the shift (which has only emerged very recently in many parts of the world) to a wider, more inclusive approach to heritage management and to a greater emphasis on community engagement.

Though prepared for natural sites, the 'new paradigm for protected areas' developed by Adrian Phillips and re-presented in the IUCN Guidelines for Management Planning of Protected Areas<sup>6</sup> in 2003 highlights very effectively the increased importance placed in recent years on a wider, more inclusive approach to heritage management and on community engagement. (In some parts of the world this was already happening.) Much of this guidance applies to cultural sites too.

<sup>6.</sup> Thomas, L. and Middleton, J. 2003. Guidelines for Management Planning of Protected Areas. Gland, Switzerland, IUCN and Cambridge, UK.  $http://data.iucn.org/dbtw-wpd/edocs/PAG-010.pdf \ \ (English \ web \ page).$