Wiener Index and Mean Distance of Zero-Divisor Type Graph of Ring of Integers Modulo *n*

Nurul Ain Mazlan*, Hazzirah Izzati Mat Hassim, Nor Haniza Sarmin and Sanhan Muhammad Salih Khasraw

Department of Mathematical Sciences, Faculty of Science, Universiti Teknologi Malaysia. Department of Mathematics, College of Basic Education, Salahaddin University-Erbil, Iraq. *Corresponding author: <u>nain369@graduate.utm.my</u>

Abstract

The zero-divisor type graph was first introduced as the compression of the zero-divisor graph by partitioning the vertices. For ring of integers modulo, ${}_{n}Z$, the non zero-divisor type graph of ${}_{n}Z$ is a graph with vertex set contains ${}_{d}T$, where is nontrivial divisor of n. Two distinct vertices, ${}_{i}T$ and ${}_{j}T$ are adjacent if $\cdot \neq 0$. The study of Wiener index and mean distance of a graph serves as a tool to calculate the sum of the distances between vertices in graph. The objective of this research is to compute the Wiener index and mean distance of the zerodivisor type graph of ${}_{n}Z$, for $n \cdot p_{3}q$. Besides, the structure for the graph is determined. The Wiener index and mean distance of zero-divisor type graph of ${}_{n}Z$ have been found to be constant for each factorization of n.