



## Oleh NIZAM YATIM

JELI 19 Feb. - Jumlah perangkaan graduan menganggur amat mengejutkan apabila sehingga September lalu angkanya men-

September iatu angkanya men-cecah 80,000 orang.
Sehubungan dengan itu Men-teri di Jabatan Perdana Menteri, Datuk Mustapa Mohamed meng-gariskan antara faktor perkara itu berlaku:

serlaku:
Graduan enggan mengubah
sikap yang inginkan pekerjaan setaraf dengan ijazah
yang dimiliki.
Sikap graduan yang gemar
berkhidmat dengan kerajaan kerana mereka tidak yakin untuk bekerja dengan
syarikat swasta

syarikat swasta. Tidak suka berusaha sendi-ri, termasuk berniaga dan berdikari.

Katanya, nasihat kerajaan su-paya graduan terbabit mengubah sikap masih tidak diikuti dan ia

terbukti apabila ramai di kala-ngan mereka enggan bekerja se-bagai kerani atau operator pe-ngeluaran di kilang dengan ala-

san tidak sesuai. "Kepada graduan terbabit yang kebanyakan daripada kalangan bumiputera, saya nasihatkan ti-dak usahlah mereka terlalu me-milih pekerjaan dan sebagai per-mulaan kita boleh kerja di manamana bagi mencari pengalaman,"

Beliau berkata demikian ke-ada pemberita selepas meraikan pada pemberita selepas meraikan 24 pelajar yang dipilih mengikuti Skim Anak Angkat Parlimen Jeli di kediamannya, Darul Falah di

sini, hari ini. Kata Mustapa, Unit Perancang Ekonomi (EPU) sedang merangka strategi mengenai langkah-lang-kah yang boleh dilaksanakan bagi memastikan bilangan graduan menganggur dapat dikurangkan. "Strategi ini akan diumumkan

selepas EPU selesai menyemak laporan daripada universiti-uni-versiti mengenai latar belakang graduan menganggur dan bidang pengajian masing-masing untuk tempoh tiga tahun sejak 2002,"

20 Feb 2005

Beliau berkata, strategi baru tersebut akan memberi tumpuan bagi memastikan lebih ramai pelajar bumiputera menceburi bi-dang latihan dan kemahiran bagi memenuhi tuntutan pasaran.

"Kita juga akan merangka strategi bagi mengubah sikap siswazah supaya memberi keutamaan untuk bekerja sendiri dengan membuka perniagaan atau ter-babit dalam sektor pertanian," ujarnya

Tambah beliau, bidang pengajian di universiti juga akan dipas-tikan tidak terlalu berorientasikan akademik, sebaliknya harus memasukkan elemen-elemen kemahiran.

# Skim Latihan Siswazah Menganggur diwujudkan semula 80,000 graduan dilatih

# Utusan Malaysia, 24 Mac 2005

Skim Latihan Siswazah Menganggur (SLSM) diwujudkan semula bagi menangani 80,000 graduan yang masih gagal mendapatkan pekerjaan

# NATION

# Jobless graduates lack critical skills

M By Annie Freeda Crucz

article fivide content.

RUALA LUMPUIR, Tues, ... The Government Le converned about the increasing number at anomaloyou productes, many at whom below the acceptance and hick seaso spice. Human Rosen was Manuter Datuk Dr. Fong Chen, One said technic coppoyers indicated that most of these graduation work invariant to increase product of these graduation work in the applying a picket to employ graduation to private further that coployers pecket to employ graduation fearning and those who return from overpeas because of their qualifications and thair botton computer skills and week computers.

"According to the couployers, public

ministrity graduates find it hard to confirmations in English, have no proper computer skills and are unable to increact with other renes and array out lusies as a team. They also prefer to work within the aspendant working house and do not go the work within to close deals after affice from said to close deals after affice buyers or stay back to do extra work.

Speaking to reporture after human the Graduate Training Schume (CFS) If at Crewn Princess Hotel bure, Forg said the feedback he removed from compleyers was submitted to the Cabinet an accord or common and to the Education Ministrice.

Someon was a consideration conductor and the articles and consideration conductor cond

Some 30,000 graduates "agintee with the Manpawer Department annually for jobs.

In view of the many unemployed graduates, Fong with, the Government of the state of the many unemployed the stimular periods of the state of the s



# 17,000 IT grads from local varsities jobless due to their poor English

By M.K. Megan megan@nstp.com.my

KUALA LUMPUR, Sun. - Despite the demand for skilled workers in not proficient in English.

After failing to get jobs between one and two years, many have registered with the Labour Department panies carrying out approximate to be retrained in other fields or winding up their operations, had worsened the situation.

information technology, about 17,000 — due to a massive oversupply of such — cannot keep up will ultimately hav IT graduates from local universities — graduates, which Human Resources — to bow out," said the source. have been jobless because they are "Minister Datuk Dr Fong Chan Onn denied.

number of IT staff laid off by com- they were unemployed because the panies carrying out downsizing or did not meet the high standard

A source said many of them were A. Due to increasing competition, I from local public universities and business is becoming teach. No private colleges players enter the market with value.

Industry players claimed unem added products the computer in ployment among these graduates was adjustry changes fast and those wh

Fong did not deny that many I graduates had registered with th The source said the increasing Labour Department but contends

-ET TURN TO PAGE 4, COL



New Strait Times, 20 April 2005

# Why local grads losing out

SEPANG, Tues. — Malaysian employers do not think much of local graduates.

They told a dialogue today that something must be done fast before the norivate sector courage overseas attach:

... apart from academic excellence, most employers would require workers to possess qualities such as good attitude, strong work ethics, the ability to communicate well, a willingness to learn and to contribute new ideas.

at present," he said.

University chancellors at iffication for accountancy is the session generally agreed with his suggestions, except wrong," he said.

..efforts must be taken to improve communication skills to encompass both general skills at communicating well with others and the ability to interact socially within a working environment.

ommunication skills to en- Universiti Kebangsaan He said at present, there or-general Prof Datuk Dr ompass both general skills Malaysia vice-chancellor were 21,347 accountants, of Hassan Said.

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Utusan Malaysia, 23 Feb 2005

# Graduan harus miliki penampilan diri — Shafie

KUALA LUMPUR 22 Feb. - Graduan harus memiliki penampilan diri selain kapa-siti intelektual bagi mema-sarkan diri dalam dunia pe-korisan

кегјаап.

Menteri Pengajian Tinggi,
Datuk Dr. Shafie Mohd. Salleh berkata, kepintaran,
emosional dan penampilan
diri yang tinggi dan sentiasa
bersaing dengan graduan
lain untuk menjadi yang
terbaik adalah ciri mahasiswa cemerlang wa cemerlang.

"Jika ciri-ciri tersebut ada pada diri seseorang gradu-an, dengan mudah mereka akan diterima dalam indus-tri pekerjaan.

"Jika berharapkan kepada kelayakan semata-mata tan-

pa keterampilan diri yang menonjol serta tidak dapat memasarkan diri, maka, ini-lah penyebab kepada kega-galan graduan mendapat tempat dalam pasaran," ka-tanya pada sidang akhbar Forum Pengisahan Ketoko-han Bapa Kemerdekaan Ma-laysia, Almarhum Tunku Abdul Rahman Putra Al-Haj, di sin hari ini.

## Mengulas

Beliau berkata demikian Beliau berkata demikian ketika diminta mengulas ke-nyataan Menteri di Jabatan Perdana Menteri, Datuk Mustapa Mohamed sema-lam, yang mendedahkan se-ramai 80,000 graduan dida-pati menganggur sehingga September lepas. Menurut Mustapa, antara punca masalah itu ialah keengganan para graduan un-tuk mengubah sikap mereka yang hanya inginkan peker-jaan setaraf dengan ijazah masing-masing.

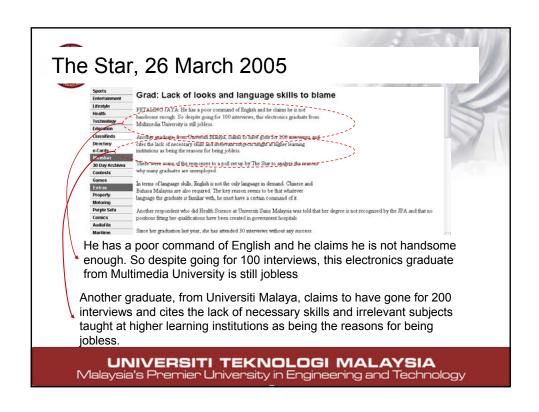
Menurut Shafie, graduan juga perlu memberi peneka-nan terhadap skil penyam-paian, komunikasi dan keyakinan diri bagi menonjolkan diri semasa memohon pekerjaan.

"Saya berharap graduan membaiki diri sendiri sebelum menuding jari terhadap orang lain dalam masalah kegagalan mendapat peker-jaan," katanya.

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# As advertised in the Sydney Morning Herald

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If you are a final year mechanical, electrical, telecommunications or computer engineering student apply for Engineering Graduate Careers Program..

# Impress us with your:

- well developed communication and team skills
- Aptitude for developing positive business partnerships
- Ability to look outside the square
- Aptitude for independent problem solving
- · Strong interpersonal and organising skills
- Enthusiastic and proactive approach

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# Views from Industry

From Datuk Paul Low, Vice-President, Federation of Malaysian Manufacturers

- "Constant change is the order of the day.... Graduates often turn up without a clue to the changing dynamic global industrial environment."
- "A constant changing environment and the need to add value to gain competitive advantage demand for creativity, lateral thinking, agility and risk taking."

From a report on 'Employability of Malaysian Graduates' presented to the Majlis Tindakan Ekonomi Malaysia, 8 April 2003.

# **Reasons For Employing less local Graduates**

 "Local graduates(Malays) lack of drive compared to foreign graduates. Foreigns especially those from middleincome families, they are very goal oriented. They know that they are there to complete their studies. For local ones, they have the mentality that why hurry since I have 5 years to complete a 3 year course. As long as I graduate and my parents can come for the convocation, that's good enough."

(ICT/Foreign/Chinese)

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From a report on 'Employability of Malaysian Graduates' presented to the Majlis Tindakan Ekonomi Malaysia, 8 April 2003.

# **Reasons For Employing less local Graduates**

 "Local graduates have less exposure. They are not aggressive and dynamic. They tend to be less vocal and open-minded"

(Construction/Foreign/Chinese)

# New Strait Times, 20 April 2005

# One-year internship mooted for undergrads

able graduates.

He said the idea of a one-year internship would he referred to the National Higher Education Council as this would mean increasing the period of study from the period of study from He was speaking to reporters after chairing a meeting of university chancellors and businessemen to discuss the perennial problem of why local graduates are unemployable.

There are 18,000 unemployable are 18,000 une

There are 18,000 unemployed graduates and some reasons given for their predicament were a poor command of the English language and lack of marketable skills.

today there was a pressing area.

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# Reasons given by employers for not hiring young graduates

- Low grades and low levels of academic accomplishments
- Poor attitudes, lack of self-confidence
- Lack of goals, poorly motivated
- Lack of enthusiasm, lack of drive, little evidence of leadership potential
- Lack of preparation for the interview
- Excessive interest in security and benefits, unrealistic salary demands and expectations
- Inadequate preparation for type of work, inappropriate background
- Lack of extracurricular activities



From a report on 'Employability of Malaysian Graduates' presented to the Majlis Tindakan Ekonomi Malaysia, 8 April 2003.

# Reasons For Employing More Foreign Graduates Attitude of Foreign Graduates

 "Foreign graduates are more open-minded and more importantly, they are risk-takers. Even during big meetings we can see that those who dare to share their views are more of foreign gradates."

(Property/Local/Malay)

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# Views from Industry

"The key parameters of having the ability to learn continuously are:

- 1. The ability to search for information from raw data and subsequently to use imperfect information to make decisions.
- 2. The ability to use technology to acquire information...
- 3. The ability to network with people of other disciplines...
- 4. The ability to understand inter-related issues of societal, organisational and business dimensions."

Source: Low, S.K. 2002. <u>Meeting the needs of the industry: The challenge to training and education institutions</u>.



# Views from Industry

Skills required by employers:

- "creativity and flair"
- "enthusiasm"
- "capacity for critical and independent thinking"
- "flexibility and adaptability"
- "personal presentation and grooming"
- "problem solving skills"
- "oral business communication skills".

(ACNielsen Research, 2000):

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TOP TEN SKILLS OR QUALITIES BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION GRADUATES SHOULD POSSESS: THE VIEWS OF MALAYSIAN MANAGERS

- ✓ Technical skills
- Creativity and resourcefulness
- ✓ Interpersonal skills
- Business communication skills
- ✓ Analytical skills
- Goal oriented
- ✓ Team player
- ✓ Flexibility and resourcefulness
- Decision-making skills
- Leadership skills

Source: Business Management Review (2002)



# **Employers Rating of Graduate Skills/Qualities**

1.	Communication (verbal & written)	4.69	
2.	Honesty/Integrity	4.59	
3.	Teamwork skills	4.54	
4.	Interpersonal skills	4.50	
5.	Strong work ethics	4.46	
6.	Motivation & initiative	4.42	
7.	Flexibility/adaptability	4.41	
8.	Analytical skills	4.36	
9.	Computer skills	4.21	
10.	Organisational skills	4.05	
11.	Detail oriented	4.00	
12.	Leadership skills	3.97	
13.	Self confidence	3.95	
14.	Friendly/outgoing personality	3.85	
15.	Well mannered/polite	3.82	
16.	Tactfulness	3.75	
17.	GPA (3.0 or better)	3.68	
18.	Creativity	3.59	
19.	Sense of humour	3.25	
20.	Entrepreneurial skills/risk taker	3.23	
conducted compulator in LIS)			

source: (survey conducted somewhere in US)

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# **Engineering Accreditation Council (EAC)**

Students of an engineering programme are expected to have the following outcomes:

- ability to acquire and apply knowledge of science and a) engineering fundamentals;
- acquiring in-depth technical competence in a specific b) engineering discipline;
- ability to undertake problem identification, formulation and c) solution;
- ability to utilise systems approach to design and evaluate d) operational performance;
- understanding of the principles of sustainable design and e) development;

# Students of an engineering programme are expected to have the following outcomes:

- f) understanding of professional and ethical responsibilities and commitment to them;
- g) ability to communicate effectively, not only with engineers but also with the community at large;
- h) ability to function effectively as an individual and in a group with the capacity to be a leader or manager as well as an effective team member:
- i) understanding of the social, cultural, global and environmental responsibilities of a professional engineer, and the need for sustainable development; and,
- j) recognising the need to undertake life-long learning, and possessing/ acquiring the capacity to do so.

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# What they say about us?





# **CURRENT SCENARIO?**

- the tendency of imparting and evaluating only technical outcomes of graduates.
- Some non-technical outcomes of graduates are imparted ASSESSED and EVALUATED formally only in related non-engineering subjects.
- Students are not being assessed, evaluated, and informed of the levels of achievement of the overall outcomes.

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# **CURRENT SCENARIO?**

- documented evidences on the achievement of the graduate attributes scarcely available
- rarely include external stakeholders or constituencies and hence little feed back received from these very important components.
- Not much assurance on the delivery of the outcome capabilities in every postgraduate.

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# So... what next?

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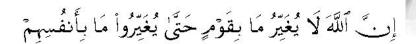
# Perubahan/Change?

- Do we need to do something about it?
- Keep your mind open to change all the time. Welcome it. Court it. It is only by examining and re-examining your opinions and ideas that you can progress. (Dale Garnegie)

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Sesungguhnya Allah tidak mengubah apa yang ada pada sesuatu kaum sehingga mereka mengubah apa yang ada pada diri mereka sendiri.

(Surah Ar Ra'd 11)

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# Change?

Survey by Harvard Univ.

..large measure of satisfaction with technical competence of the graduating students... can crunch numbers, analyse markets.... But when it comes to human-relation skills, Harvard is stepping up its effort... That seems where improvements are needed... Oral and written communication, teamwork, and other human skills...



Cerita rekaan semata-mata

Terdapat tiga orang sahabat baru tersedar daripada koma selama 20 tahun...

seorang doktor, seorang jurutera dan seorang lagi cikgu...

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"Ok! Lets see what can we do now....

Jom kita ke hospital! Doktor mengajak dua orang sahabatnya...merata hospital seluruh Malaysia mereka pergi termasuklah hospital bahagia... malangnya...

"I can't work at any hospital now....everything they use are so complicated!"



OK! "Jom kita ke industri pulak apa aku boleh buat, pelawa si jurutera pulak...

Seluruh Malaysia mereka jelajahi... seperti sahabatnya tadi juga...sungguh kecewa...

"I just do not understand what's going on...too much new things that I haven't seen before!

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Aaaa... Jom kita ke sekolah...pujuk si cikqu pulak, semua ceruk Malaysia mereka pergi...

"Aaa ..what a lucky guy I am ... I still can do my work...no change at all for the past 20 yrs of our absence!"



What's the morale of the story?

# Please teachers ... wake up!!!!! improve yourselve!!!

Jangan ketinggalan zaman.....

Suhaidah





WHAT IS GENERIC SKILLS/SOFT SKILLS?

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# Define Soft/Generic Skills:

Generic skills are the general, overarching skills, qualities, knowledge, abilities and traits that a person should possess to succeed in one's studies and career.



# WHAT ARE GENERIC SKILLS?

In brief, generic skills are:

- Skills that can be applied across a variety of subject domains
- Skills that apply across a variety of jobs and life contexts
- Non-technical skills that highly associated with employability

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# GS Across the Globe

- Core skills, key skills, common skills ■ U.K.
- N.Z. — Essential skills
- Australia Key comp., employability skills, g.s.
- Canada Employability skills
- Basic skills, workplace know-how **■** U.S.
- S'pore Critical enabling skills
- France Transferable skills
- Trans-disciplinary goals ■ Switz.



WHY GS?

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# Generic Skills - Why?

Generic skills are important to enable graduates to function in today's changing world. Content or disciplinary knowledge is no longer enough to guarantee a job at the end of university. It's often out of date in three or four years. Graduates need to be flexible and adaptable, to be able to solve problems, communicate effectively, think critically and creatively, be information literate and be able to operate as effective team members in the workplace.

(The Griffth Graduate)



# **Getting Started**

# ■ Situation I

You are an employer.

What qualities/skills/traits, besides academic qualifications, would you look for in a person who has just graduated from university?

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WHAT KIND OF DESIRABLE GRADUATES QUALITIES YOU WANT UMT'S STUDENT TO **ACQUIRE?** 

WHAT ARE THE GENERIC YOU WANT UMT'S STUDENT TO ACQUIRE?



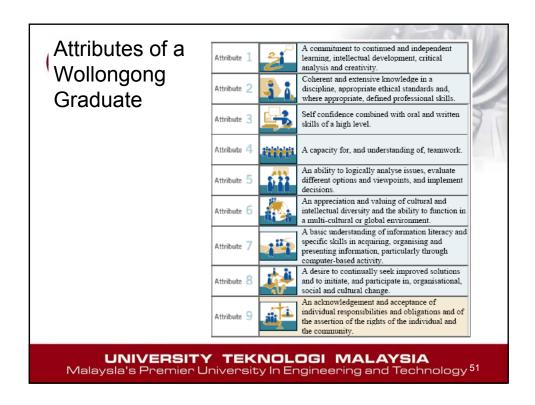
# Monash Core Graduate Atttibutes

- Written and oral communication
- Capacity for inquiry and research
- Critical thought and analysis
- Problem solving
- Teamwork
- Numeracy
- Effective use of information technology

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# Generic Skills and Attributes of U. Of Canberra Graduates

- Communication
- Information Literacy and Numeracy
- Information and Communication Technology
- Problem Solving
- Working With Others
- Effective Workplace Skills
- Professional Ethics
- Social Responsibility
- Lifelong Learning
- Personal Attributes





# **UTM Graduate Attributes**

- 1. Communication Skills
- 2. Critical Thinking and Problem Solving Skills
- 3. Teamworking Skills
- 4. Information Management and Lifelong Learning Skills
- 5. Entrepreneurship Skills
- 6. Leadership Skills and Proactiveness
- 7. Ethics and Integrity

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# **Communication Skills**

Communication skills incorporate the ability to communicate effectively in Bahasa Melayu and English across a range of contexts and audiences.

- CS<sub>1</sub> Ability to present ideas clearly, effectively and confidently through written and oral modes.
- CS2 Ability to listen actively and respond accordingly.
- CS3 Ability to make clear and confident presentation appropriate to audience.
- CS4 Ability to use technology in presentation.
- Ability to negotiate and reach agreement. CS5
- CS6 Ability to communicate with people of different culture.

# **Critical Thinking and Problem Solving Skills**

Critical thinking and problem solving incorporate the ability to think critically, logically, creatively and analytically.

- CTPS1 Ability to define and analyse problems in complex, overlapping, ill-defined domains and make well-supported judgment.
- CTPS2 Ability to apply and improve on thinking skills, especially skills in reasoning, analysing and evaluating.
- CTPS3 Ability to look for alternative ideas and solutions.
- CTPS4 Ability to 'think outside the box'.
- CTPS5 Ability to understand and adapt to the culture of a new community and working environment.

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## Teamworking Skills

Teamworking incorporates the ability to work with other people with different background to achieve a common goal.

- TW1 Ability to establish good rapport, interact with others and work effectively with them to meet common objectives.
- TW2 Ability to comprehend and assume the interchangeable role of leaders and followers.
- TW3 Ability to recognise and respect the attitudes, actions and beliefs of others.



# www.utm.my

# **Information Management and Lifelong Learning Skills**

Information management and lifelong learning incorporate the ability to continue learning independently in the acquisition of new knowledge and skills.

- LL1 Ability to seek and manage relevant information from a variety of sources.
- LL2 Ability to accept new ideas and to learn independently in the acquisition of new knowledge and skills.
- LL3 Ability to develop an inquisitive mind driven by a passion for knowledge acquisition.

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# **Entrepreneurship Skills**

Entrepreneurship incorporates the ability to analyse situations and recognise opportunities to use one's knowledge and skills for business opportunities.

Ability to identify business opportunities.



# **Leadership Skills and Proactiveness**

Leadership and proactiveness incorporate knowledge of the basic principles of leadership and application of the traits of leadership in one's interaction with others.

- LS1 Ability to demonstrate basic knowledge of leadership.
- LS2 Ability to take action and to get others engaged.

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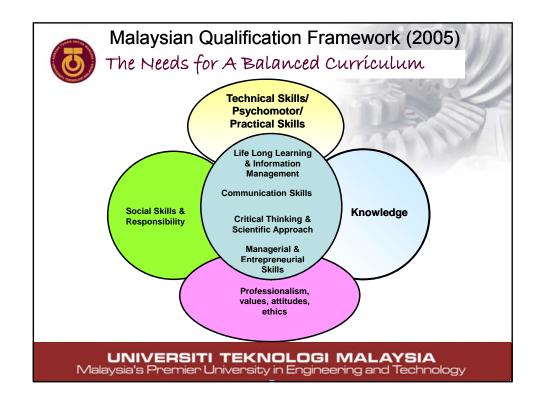


# **Ethics and Integrity**

Ethics incorporates the ability to apply high ethical standards in professional practice and social interactions.

- Ability to act ethically and with a high sense of social ET1 responsibility.
- ET2 Ability to analyse and make ethical decisions when solving problems.
- ET3 Ability to understand the economic, environmental and sociocultural impacts of professional practice.







# KI YANG PERLU DIKUASAI OLEH PELAJAR IPTA

- Kemahiran Berkomunikasi
- Pemikiran Kritis dan Kemahiran Menyelesaikan Masalah
- Kemahiran Kerja Berpasukan
- Pembelajaran Berterusan dan Pengurusan Maklumat
- Kemahiran Keusahawanan
- Etika dan Moral Profesional
- Kemahiran Kepimpinan

# KEMAHIRAN BERKOMUNIKASI

Kod KI	Status	Keterangan
CS1	KIM	Kebolehan menyampaikan idea dengan jelas, berkesan dan dengan penuh keyakinan, secara lisan dan bertulis.
CS2	КІМ	Kebolehan mengamalkan kemahiran mendengar yang aktif dan memberi maklum balas.
CS3	KIM	Kebolehan membuat pembentangan secara jelas dengan penuh keyakinan dan bersesuaian dengan tahap pendengar.
CS4		Kebolehan menggunakan teknologi dalam pembentangan.
CS5		Kebolehan berunding dan mencapai persetujuan.
CS6		Kebolehan berkomunikasi dengan peserta komunikasi yang mempunyai budaya berlainan.
CS7		Kebolehan mengembangkan kemahiran komunikasi perseorangan.
CS8		Kebolehan menggunakan kemahiran bukan lisan.

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# PEMIKIRAN KRITIS DAN KEMAHIRAN **MENYELESAIKAN MASALAH**

Kod KI	Status	Keterangan
CTPS1	KIM	Kebolehan mengenal pasti dan menganalisis masalah dalam situasi kompleks dan kabur, serta membuat penilaian yang berjustifikasi.
CTPS2	KIM	Kebolehan mengembang dan membaiki kemahiran berfikir seperti menjelaskan, menganalisis dan menilai perbincangan.
CTPS3	KIM	Kebolehan mencari idea dan mencari penyelesaian alternatif.
CTPS4		Kebolehan berfikir melangkaui batas.
CTPS5		Kebolehan membuat keputusan yang berdasarkan bukti yang kukuh.
CTPS6		Kebolehan untuk bertahan serta memberikan perhatian sepenuhnya terhadap tanggungjawab yang diberikan.
CTPS7		Kebolehan memahami dan menyesuaikan diri kepada budaya komuniti dan persekitaran kerja yang baharu.



# KEMAHIRAN KERJA BERPASUKAN

Kod KI	Status	Keterangan
TS1	KIM	Kebolehan membina hubungan baik, berinteraksi dengan orang lain dan bekerja secara efektif bersama mereka untuk mencapai objektif yang sama.
TS2	KIM	Kebolehan memahami dan mengambil peranan bersilih ganti antara ketua kumpulan dan ahli kumpulan.
TS3	KIM	Kebolehan mengenali dan menghormati sikap, kelakuan, dan kepercayaan orang lain.
TS4		Kebolehan memberi sumbangan kepada perancangan dan menyelaraskan hasil usaha kumpulan.
TS5		Bertanggungjawab terhadap keputusan kumpulan.

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# PEMBELAJARAN BERTERUSAN DAN **PENGURUSAN MAKLUMAT**

Kod KI	Status	Keterangan
LL1	KIM	Kebolehan mencari dan mengurus maklumat yang relevan daripada pelbagai sumber.
LL2	KIM	Kebolehan menerima idea baharu dan berkeupayaan untuk pembelajaran autonomi.
LL3		Kebolehan mengembangkan minda ingin tahu dan dahagakan ilmu.

# **KEMAHIRAN KEUSAHAWANAN**

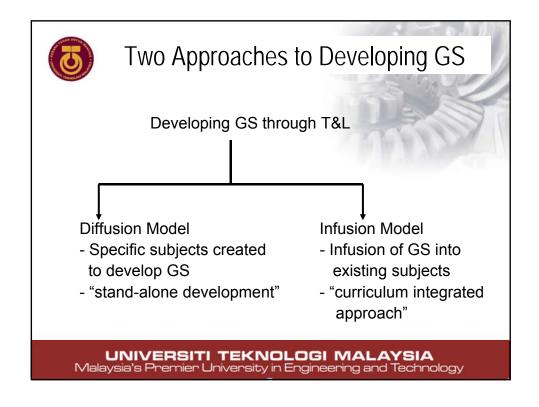
Kod KI	Status	Keterangan
KK1	KIM	Kebolehan mengenal pasti peluang perniagaan.
KK2		Kebolehan merangka perancangan perniagaan.
КК3		Kebolehan membina, meneroka dan merebut peluang perniagaan dan pekerjaan.
KK4		Kebolehan untuk bekerja sendiri.

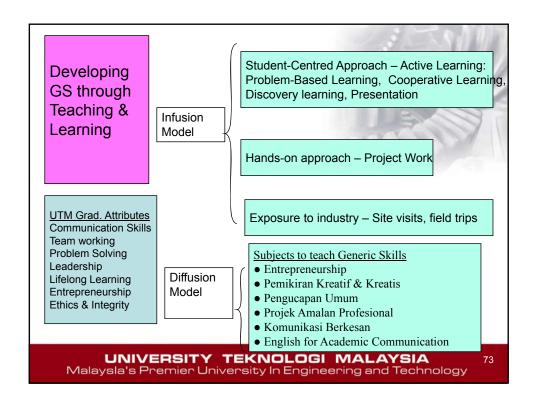
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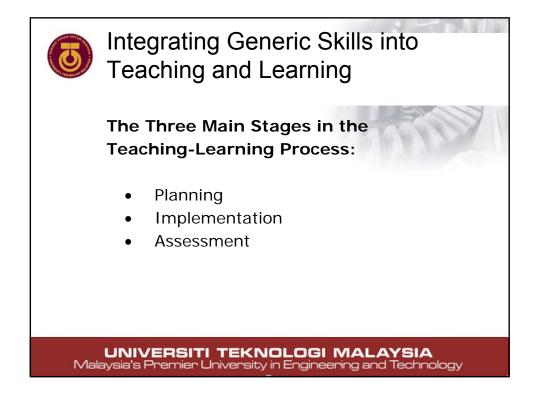
# **ETIKA DAN MORAL PROFESIONAL**

Kod KI	Status	Keterangan
EM1	KIM	Kebolehan memahami kesan ekonomi, alam sekitar dan sosio-budaya dalam amalan profesional.
EM2	KIM	Kebolehan menganalisis dan membuat keputusan dalam penyelesaian masalah berkaitan etika.
ЕМ3		Kebolehan mengamalkan sikap beretika, di samping mempunyai rasa tanggungjawab terhadap masyarakat.





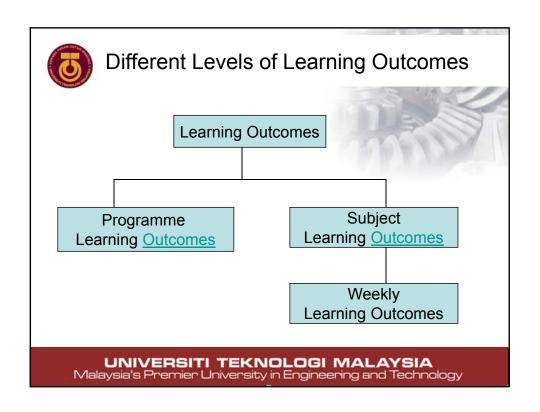






# Incorporating Generic Skills: The Planning Stage

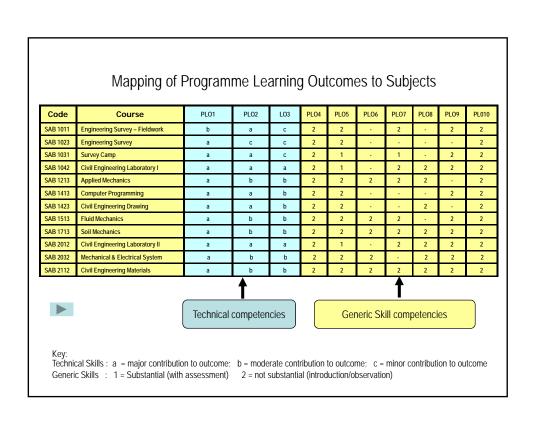
- Planning stage:
  - Planning at curriculum/programme level
  - Planning at subject level
- Plan <u>Learning Outcomes</u> for Generic Skills



	Curri	<u>culum P</u>	ianning	(course	e directo	<u>r/aept)</u>	7385
Subj	Comm	Team- working	Problem Solving	Adapta- bility	Lifelong Learning	Self- Esteem	Ethics & Integrity
A	√		<b>V</b>				1
В	√	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	√	√	√	1
С		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	√			<b>√</b>
D			√	√		√	<b>√</b>
Е	√	√ √	<b>√</b>	√	√	√	√

### PROGRAM LEARNING OUTCOMES B.Eng (Civil Engineering) Technical competencies PROGRAM LEARNING **TEACHING & ASSESSMENTS OUTCOMES LEARNING METHODS** L01 Ability to acquire knowledge of Lectures, tutorials, seminars, Examinations, laboratory science and civil engineering laboratory works, directed reports, presentations, principles reading, independent study, assignments, problem-based active learning exercises, project reports L02 Ability to use the techniques, Lectures, tutorials, computer Examinations, laboratory skills and modern civil hands-on sessions, reports, presentations, engineering tools laboratory works, industrial assignments, problem-based exercises, project reports, training, surveying camps design tasks, simulation exercises, industrial training reports LO3 Ability to analyse, interpret, Project supervision, lectures, Final Year Project reports, tutorials, laboratory works, project reports, design tasks, develop and conduct experiments; and design directed reading, simulation examinations, laboratory reports, components, systems, or presentations, assignments exercises, computer-based exercises, independent study, processes problem-based learning

	Gene	ric Skills competencies		
	PROGRAM LEARNING OUTCOMES	TEACHING & LEARNING METHODS	ASSESSMENTS	
LO4	Ability to identify, formulate and solve civil engineering related problems	Project supervision, lectures, tutorials, laboratory works, group projects, independent study	Final Year Project reports, project reports, design tasks, examinations, laboratory reports, presentations, assignments	
LO5	Ability to communicate effectively and with confidence	Projects, independent study, tutorials, surveying camps	Oral presentations, written reports	
LO6	Ability to respond and adapt to changing situations and priorities	Lectures, laboratory works, group assignments, Industrial training, final year project	Industrial training reports and logbooks, final year project reports and logbooks	
L07	Ability to function effectively as an individual and/or in a team to achieve common goals	Independent projects, group projects, industrial training, final year project, surveying camps	Industrial training report and logbook, project report, final year project report and logbook	
LO8	Ability to perpetually seek and acquire contemporary knowledge	Independent study, final year projects	Final year project reports, assignments	
LO9	Ability to think positively and possess self-esteem	Group projects, independent study, tutorials, industrial training, final year project	Written assignments, project reports, essays, final year project report, Industrial training reports	
LO10	Ability to apply high ethical standards in professional practice and social interactions for sustainable development	Final year projects, Laboratory works, Industrial training, surveying camps	Written assignments, laboratory reports, essays, Final year project reports, Industrial training report,	



		Programme Learning Outcomes (PLO)													
No	Course Outcomes (CO)	Knowledge	∾ Use of Techniques	Ar	Problem Solving	Communication	Adaptability	Т	∞ Life Long Learning	Self Esteem	Ethics and Integrity	Delivery	Assessment	Key Performance Indicators/Index	
		1			4	5	6			9					
1.	Able to describe the concept and philosophy of steel and timber design based on the relevant code of practice	a	a	a								Lectures, CL, design practices, tutorials	Tests, Final Exam	Students able to analyse, design and evaluate the member capacity of the	
2.	Able to estimate the design loadings and to analyse structural elements correctly	а	a	a	.1		2					Lectures, CL, design practices, tutorials	Tests, Final Exam, Project Submission	structural element based or the standard codes of practice	
3.	Able to use the code of practise to design structural steel and timber elements.	3	a	a	1		2					Lectures, CL, design practices, tutorials	Tests, Final Exam, Project Submission	80% achieving grade C and above	
4.	Able to prepare structural design report, drawing plan and structural element detailing leafers week 15					1						Project work, CL	Project Submission	Reports are clear, correct and well presented. Drawings according to standards specifications. 100% passes	
5.	Able to work effectively in a team producing a design report within a stipulated timeframe					1.		1				CL	Peer Assessment, Observation	No complains from team members 80% students achieved 80%	
6.	Able to apply professional practice and ethics within a given time frame										1	Project work, CL	Peer Assessment, Observation	No students barred from fin exams. 80% coursework delivered on time. 90% attendance during each lectures	

# 3 components necessary in writing an effective course outcomes

# ■ 1. Behaviour

- Write learning outcomes in terms of an observable,
- behavioural outcome; what the student will be able to do.
- selection of an effective action verb is of utmost importance.
- choose a verb that is focused and targets a level of performance appropriate for the course.

## 2. Conditions

- What is given? (by checking a chart, by looking at photo, by referring to the manual)
- or not given (without reference to the manual, with no supervision)
- What are the variables? ( no matter how upset the customer becomes)
- Combination (when driving (what is given) in the city (variable))

# **Standards**

- Standards are measurable criteria:
  - How often?
    - · at least once per hour at the start of every cycle
    - · before starting the task or after
  - How well?
    - exactly 7%
    - · no more than 1 error
    - · accurate to three decimal points
    - within 15 minutes (never use a time standardunless it is required by the job)
  - How many?
    - · Identify at least 16 items
    - · produce 4 items



# Writing Course Outcomes for Psychomotor and Affective Domains

**Examples: Graduate Attributes** 

- Communication
- Team working
- Problem Solving
- Leadership
- Life long Learning
- Entrepreneurship
- Ethics and Integrity



# Writing Course Outcomes for Psychomotor and Affective Domains

By the end of the course, students should be able to:

- independently seek and present information on the collapse of the WTC (Lifelong Learning & Communication Skills)
- participate actively in class discussion on issues related to ... (Communication Skills)
- work collaboratively in groups to complete an assigned project on... (Teamworking)
- 4) <u>demonstrate positive teamworking attributes</u> by <u>contributing</u> actively in group projects. (Teamworking)

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# Course Outcomes for Generic Skills

Cont...

- 5) state and <u>critically evaluate</u> the main principles of .... (Problem Solving)
- analyse data gathered from a target situation analysis and <u>design</u> instructional materials for a specific group of learners. (Problem Solving)
- 7) orally <u>present</u> information and answer questions <u>with confidence</u> on an assigned project. (Comm. Skills and Self-Esteem)
- apply principles of management in organising an assigned project within stipulated schedules and with available resources.
   (Teamworking & Adaptability)



# Cont...

Able to work effectively in a team producing a design report within a stipulated timeframe

Able to prepare structural design report, drawing plan and structural element detailing before week 15

Able to apply professional practice and ethics within a given time frame

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Writing learning outcomes for Graduate Attributes

- Communicate effectively and work collaboratively as a team with patients, families and the community as well as other health professionals. (QA, C&S)
- Communicate effectively with colleagues, customers/clients and community at large. (QA, C&S)

Comm. Skills & Teamworking

# Writing learning outcomes for Graduate Attributes

- Utilise a range of resources, including ICT, to independently seek, organise and present information.
- Actively seek, evaluate and validate information as well as use appropriate technology to improve nursing practice and education. (QA, C&S)
  Lifelong Learning

Assume responsibility for self-development and life-long learning. (QA, C&S)



# Writing learning outcomes for Graduate Attributes

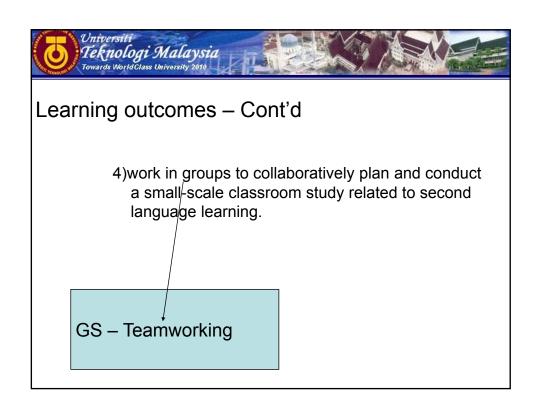
- Demonstrate conduct that is consistent with business ethics and local culture. (QA, C&S)
- Demonstrate professional behaviour and personal values in the delivery of healthcare which comply with the code of conduct and nursing ethics. (QA, C&S)
- Demonstrate professional ethics and moral responsibilities in their practice. (QA, C&S)

Ethics & Integrity



independently acquire and present information on some key issues in second language acquisition.

GS – Lifelong Learning & Communication Skills



# Writing learning outcomes for Graduate Attributes

- Critically analyze and identify engineering problems and formulate appropriate solutions using systems approach wherever relevant. (QA, C&S)
- Recognise the need for change and to assume leadership in the change process with creativity and innovativeness. (QA, C&S)

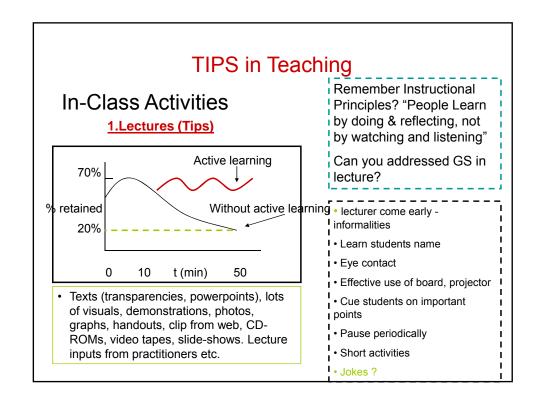
Problem Solving & Adaptaililty

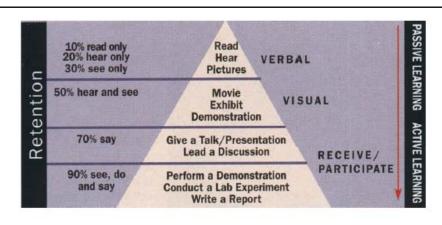


# Planning CO at Subject Level: A Reminder

- Examine the curriculum and refer to the programme outcomes.
- Examine the type of students and resources available.
- Include course outcomes for cognitive, psychomotor and affective domains.
- Include higher order skills/ taxonomy level.
- As far as possible, embed the affective and psychomotor domain in content (eg. incorporate generic skills through the content of the course).







Jenkins, M. G., "Standards and Codes in Mechanical Engineering Education: Confounding Constraints or Helpful Hindrances?," Standardization News, Vol 27, No 9, pp 20-25, 1999.

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# Incorporating Generic Skills: The Implementation Stage

# Factors to consider:

- Type of generic skills to be developed
- Nature of the course content
- Type of students
- University resources
- Credit hours
- Student-workload

## **Incorporating Generic Skills in** the Implementation Stage

- Generic skills can be developed through various in-class teachinglearning activities, such as:
  - class discussion
  - **4** group work
  - brainstorming
  - presentation
  - ♣ role play and simulation
  - hi-tea exchange
  - Student Lead/Teach

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# **Incorporating Generic Skills in the** Implementation Stage

- or out-of-class activities, such as:
  - assignments/project work
  - independent study
  - field trips
  - site visits
  - Community involvement
  - ♣ Bring your class out of class
  - Explore-race

# Incorporating Generic Skills: The Implementation Stage

- Examples of Teaching-Learning Activities to Develop Generic Skills
- before, during and after lecture
- assignment brief
- a summary of teaching-learning activities for developing GS

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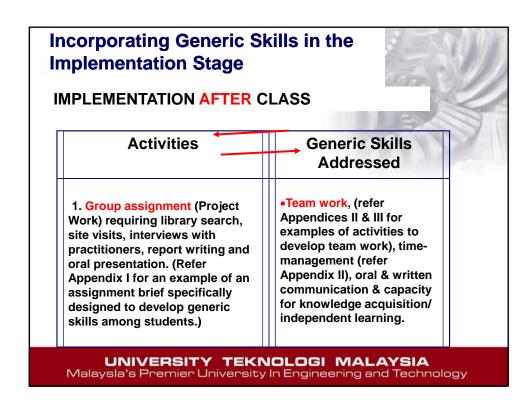
# **Incorporating Generic Skills in the** Implementation Stage

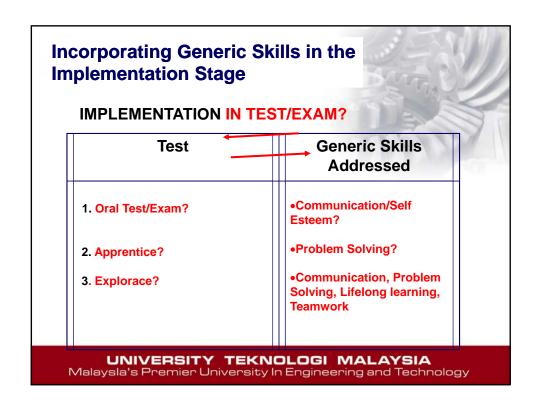
- Implementation
  - **4** Before Class
  - During Class
  - After Class
  - During Test/Exam?



# **Incorporating Generic Skills in the Implementation Stage IMPLEMENTATION BEFORE CLASS** Generic Skills Activities Addressed Instructor assigns (orally or on Capacity for the Internet) task for a knowledge acquisition forthcoming lecture, e.g. "In Week - library search, X, we'll discuss the different reading skills & note types of ... in .... Read up on the taking. ... types of ... and be prepared to discuss.... Name one book/source • Positive personality traits - initiative & that you have referred to. responsibility UNIVERSITY TEKNOLOGI MALAYSIA Malaysla's Premier University In Engineering and Technology

# Incorporating Generic Skills in the Implementation Stage IMPLEMENTATION DURING CLASS Activities Generic Skills Addressed 1. Brief presentation by some selected students. 2. Input (Lecture) 3. Discussion 4. Input (Lecture) UNIVERSITY TEKNOLOGI MALAYSIA Malaysla's Premier University In Engineering and Technology





# **Incorporating Generic Skills in the Implementation Stage**

## SOME EXAMPLE

- 1. Program Studio Enviro
- 2. <u>Urban Design Studio Schedule</u>
- 3. Example Kelana Siswa (KoQ)







# **Incorporating Generic Skills in the Implementation Stage**

# **Task**

Identify lesson or a series of lessons (weekly) in which you could integrate the development of generic skills (within the teaching of subject matter or content).

Identify the skill/s to be developed and plan the activities using the table given. You may (but do not have to) follow the example given above.

# Incorporating Generic Skills in the Implementation Stage

# **SUGGESTED TEMPLATE**

Week	Topic	Learning Outcome (for weekly lecture)	Generic Skill Addressed	Teaching/ Learning Methods
		Tax's Bloom	UTM attributes or select specific descriptors	•Before •During •After

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# THE ASSESSMENT STAGE



# www.utm.my

Assessment of learning outcomes and objectives is a required aspect of the Engineering Accreditation Council Malaysia mandated for accreditation by the Board of Engineers.

Defining (and communicating) program objectives, educational processes, assessment /evaluation, and feedback are essential aspects of how engineering programs achieve their academic aims.

Teaching students how to learn as well as assessing how well students learn are integral parts of this new paradigm in engineering education.

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# **TERMINOLOGIES** reviewed

**Objectives:** Statements that describe the expected accomplishments of graduates during the first few years after graduation.

Outcomes: Statements that describe what students are expected to know and able to do by the time of graduation.

Performance Criteria: Specific, measurable statements identifying the performance(s) required to meet the outcome; confirmable through evidence.

Assessment: Processes that identify, collect, use and prepare data that can be used to evaluate achievement.

Evaluation: Process of reviewing the results of data collection and analysis, making a determination of the value of findings and action to be taken.

# Assessing Generic Skills stated in the Program Objectives and Learning Outcome at two stages

## **PROGRAM LEVEL**

(Based on Program Objectives and Learning Outcomes) **SUBJECT LEVEL** 

(Based on Nota Tahap 1)

## **KEY ISSUES**

Why Access and who should assess?

How to assess/evaluate?

What is the Performance Criteria?

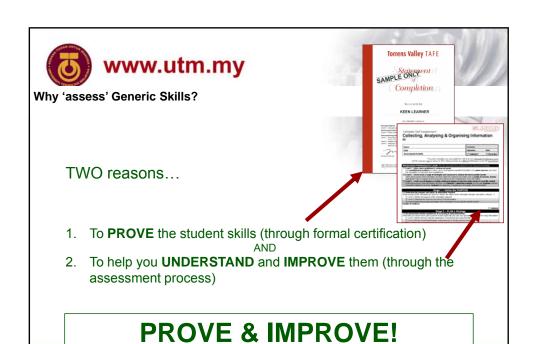
Assessment tools?

Data collection and documentation?

Responsibilities and Monitoring systems?

Time frame?

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Why 'assess' Generic Skills?

Airasian (1994) and Pellegrino, Chudowsky and Glaser (2001) asserted that assessment has three broad purposes:

- to assist learning
- to measure individual achievement
- to evaluate programs.

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# Why 'assess' Generic Skills?

Figure 1: Purposes of assessment<sup>1</sup>

Learning	To provide feedback to students to improve their learning To motivate students To diagnose a student's strengths and weaknesses To help students to develop their skills of self-assessment To provide a profile of what a student has learnt
Certification	To pass or fail a student To grade or rank a student To licence to proceed To licence to practice To select for future courses To predict success in future courses To select for future employment To predict success in employment
Quality Assurance	To provide feedback to lecturers on student learning To improve teaching To evaluate a course's strengths and weaknesses To assess the extent to which a programme has achieved its aims To judge the effectiveness of the learning environment To ensure the course is credit worthy to other institutions and employers To monitor standards over time



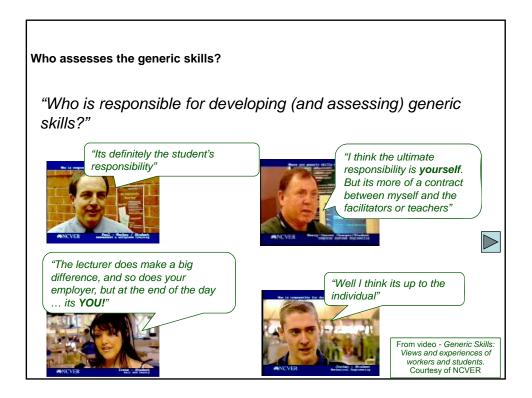
Who is responsible for fostering generic skills?

Research commissioned by the National Centre for Vocational Education Research (NCVER) has found that the development of generic skills requires a partnership between the learner, education and training providers, and workplaces.

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- 1. THE STUDENTS 2. THE LECTURERS AND
- 3. PERSON/S DELEGATED BY THE FACULTY TD(A)?, KJ's, KP's
- 4. PERSON/S INCHARGE AT WORKPLACE



### How are they best assessed?

Four broad approaches to the assessment of generic skills in international literature.

These approaches include

holistic judgements by teachers, (at subject & learning outcome)
portfolios created by students, (learning outcome)
assessment based on work experience, (program objective) and
assessment using purpose-developed instruments.(learning
outcome)

These approaches achieve similar purposes, which include documenting and certifying student achievement and program effectiveness.



Assessment model (Curtis and Denton)

► Holistic judgements (at subject & learning outcome)

Involves observation by panels of teachers or teaching teams of students in classroom-based and other activities, on which judgements regarding competence are made

Portfolio assessment (learning outcome)

This approach can reveal key dimensions of generic skills, which provide a framework in which learners can document their achievements and present evidence

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Workplace assessment (program objective)

Work experience assessment appears to be a useful method and produces a simple report

- Standardised instrumental assessment (learning)
- outcome)

Independent assessment using standardised and purpose-developed instruments enables efficient assessment and provides a basis for reporting using a profile that is readily interpreted by learners and potential employers



# www.utm.my

Key features for the effective assessment of generic skills

Given the range of purposes that have been identified for generic skills assessment, Curtis and Denton (2003) believe that several approaches to assessment are required. The main characteristics of assessment approaches are that, collectively, they should provide:

- a mechanism for communicating the scope of generic skills to learners, training providers and employers
- a means of providing feedback to learners on their acquisition of generic skills and a framework for their improvement

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- a rich source of information about individual achievement, with supportive evidence
- an opportunity to undertake assessments that are authentic and occur within a work context or one that closely simulates it
- a method of assessment that is not too difficult for either the learner or the assessor
- a summary of the performance of individuals that is readily accessible by employers
- a cost-effective means of collecting performance information, individually and at aggregate (institutional

# **Assessment Methods**

- Standardized exams
- Local developed exams
- Oral exams
- Performance Appraisal
- Simulations
- Written surveys and questionnaires
- Exit and other surveys
- Focus groups
- External examiner
- Behavioral observations
- Archival records
- Portfolios

		n practice - U SPEAKING		ALU/	OITA	N SH	IEET
	Student	Date:					
	Title of Pr	resentation					
Eval	luation Scale:	Yes, a lot (+) 4	3	2	1	0	No, not at all(-)
Crite Pres 1. 2. 3. 4.	sentation Style: Personal appea Speaks clearly a	arance is appropriate and with sufficient vol rt with the audience vocalization	lume			Score	Totals
5. 6.		ctively to questions an appropriate vocabula	ıry, cont			. —	<b>-</b> -
7. 8. 9. 10.	Presentation incorporate Control of Control	mar of standard Engliscludes introduction, bent logically and sequent arguments clearly te audiovisual materia	sh ody and uentially and log	d conclu			- - - - -

# **SAMPLE RESULT OF EXIT SURVEY**

	Outcomes	Marks out
	Outcomes	of 5
1	Ability to acquire and apply knowledge of basic	
	science and engineering fundamentals.	3.76
2	Ability to communicate effectively, not only with	
	engineers but also with the community at large.	3.66
3	In-depth technical competence in a specific	
4	engineering discipline.  Ability to undertake problem identification, formulation	3.63
-	and solution	3.59
5	Ability to utilize a systems approach to design and	
	evaluate operational performance	3.49
6	Understanding of the principles of sustainable design	
	and development	3.80
7	Understanding of professional and ethical	
	responsibilities and commitment to them	4.29
8	Ability to function effectively as an individual and in a	
	group with the capacity to be a leader or manager as	
9	well as an effective team member Understanding of the social, cultural, global and	3.9
9	environmental responsibilities of a professional	
	engineer, and the need for sustainable development	4.2
10	Expectation of the need to undertake lifelong learning.	
	and possessing/acquiring the capacity to do so	4.3
11	Ability to design and conduct experiments, as well as	
	to analyze and interpret data	3.6
12	Ability to function on multi-disciplinary teams	4.0
13	the broad education necessary to understand the	
	impact of engineering solutions in a global and	
	societal context	4.0
14	Knowledge of contemporary issues	3.8
15	Ability to use the techniques, skills, and modern	
	engineering tools necessary for engineering practice	3.6



All assessment options have advantages and disadvatages

"Ideal" method means those that are best fit between program needs, satisfactory validity, and affordability (time, effort, and money)

Crucial to use multi-method/multi-source approach to maximise validity and reduce bias of any approach



Relevance – the assessment option measures the educational outcome as directly as possible

Accuracy - the option measures the educational outcome as precisely as possible

Utility - the option provides formative and summative results with clear implications for educational program evaluation and improvement

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# **ASSESSMENT METHOD**

There will always be more than one way to measure any learning objective

No single method is good for measuring a wide variety of different student abilities

There is generally an inverse relationship between the quality of measurement methods and their expediency

It is important to pilot test to see if a method is appropriate for your program



# **ADVICE FROM THE FIELD**

You cannot be doing everything (time and resources)

All assessment questions are not equal

More data are not necessarily better

One size does not fit all

Pick your battles

Take advantage of local resources

Don't wait until you have a "perfect" plan

It does not happen in one year

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# Incorporating Generic Skills: The **Assessment Stage**

# 2 basic elements in an assessment

# exercise:

- Question/Assignment Brief
- Assessment Criteria/Marking Scheme

# Incorporating Generic Skills: The **Assessment Stage**

# All assessments must be:

- Reliable (data given correct & can be used in applying formula)
- Valid (valid statements ..... S.Pahang is a tributary of S. Rejang....)
- Fair (questions reflect content taught, assessment criteria made known)
- Practical (if you were to re-plan Baghdad....)

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# **Incorporating Generic Skills:** The Assessment Stage

2 basic elements in an assessment exercise:

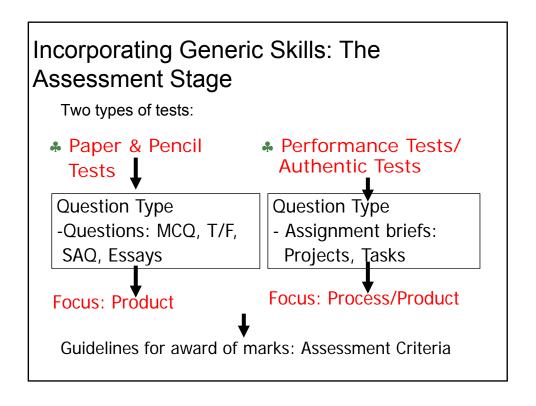
# Paper & Pencil

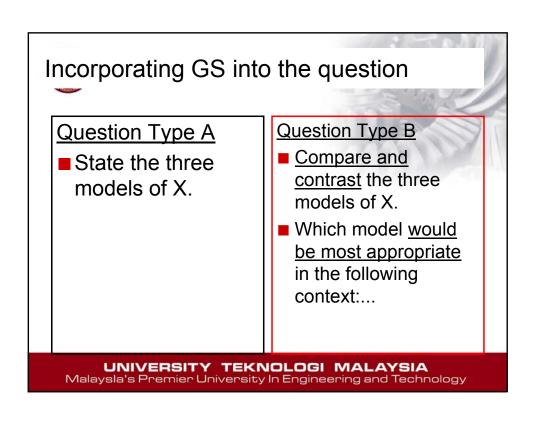
# Tests

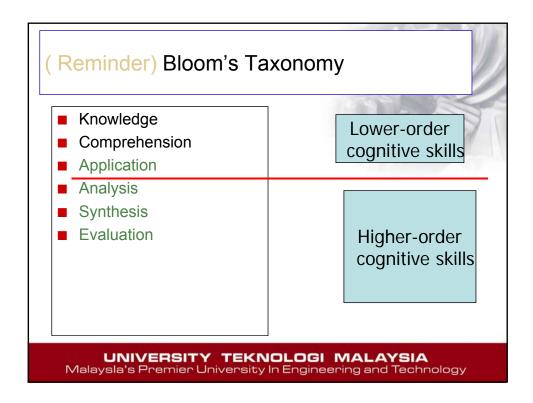
- Question
- Assessment Criteria/Marking Scheme

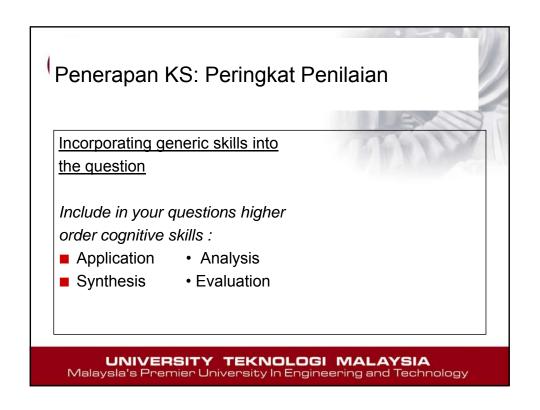
# Performance Tests

- · Assignment brief
- Assessment Criteria/Marking Scheme

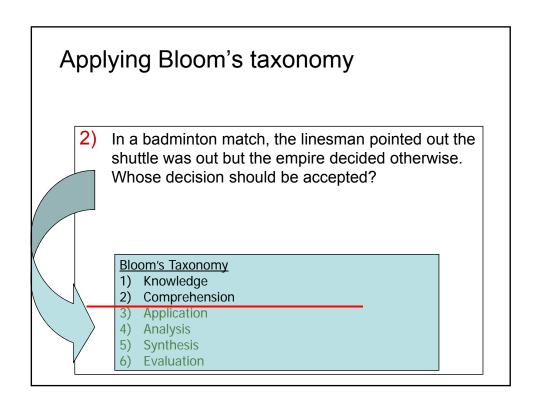








# Applying Bloom's taxonomy 1) State the power and responsibility of an empire in a badminton match as prescribed by IBF ruling. Bloom's Taxonomy 1) Knowledge 2) Comprehension 3) Application 4) Analysis 5) Synthesis 6) Evaluation



# Applying Bloom's taxonomy

- Dalam satu perlawanan badminton, satu pihak telah membuat aduan terhadap beberapa perkara, iaitu permainan bermula lewat, pengangkutan ke tempat pertandingan tidak selesa, keadaan gelangang yang licin, keputusan penjaga garisan yang tidak adil dan gangguan dari penyokong pihak lain.
  - a) Di antara aduan-aduan tersebut, yang manakah dalam bidang kuasa seorang pengadil?

Taxonomy – Which level?

- b) Apakah yang harus dilakukan oleh pengadil terhadap semua aduan di atas?
- c) Pada pendapat anda, apakah perubahan yang harus dilakukan dalam peraturan sedia ada supaya pengadil dapat menjalankan tugasnya dengan lebih berkesan?

# Task – Lower order or higher order cognitive skills?

- SHB 2143/SHF 1113: Prinsip Pemasaran
- 3 (a) Define and list the steps in the process of developing a new product? Beri difinisi dan senaraikan langkah dalam proses pembangunan produk baru?.

Taxonomy- which level?

Knowledge Comprehension

Application

Analysis

1) Knowledge 2) Comprehension

3) Application4) Analysis

5) Synthesis6) Evaluation

Synthesis

2)

4)

5)

# Task – Lower order or higher order cognitive skills? Bloom's Taxonomy

- SHD 2633: R&D Management
- Evaluation 2 (a) Discuss the importance of seeking external sources of information for an R&D project group.
- 3 (a) Explain the steps in strategic planning for R&D organizations.
  - (b) Describe the process of technology intelligence by providing examples.

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# Task – Lower order or higher order cognitive skills?

- SHB 2143/SHF 1113: Prinsip Pemasaran
- 1 Apabila firma membuat pertimbangan semula jualan, kos dan keuntungan untuk projek baru untuk memastikan samada faktor tersebut mampu memuaskan objektif firma, di tahap manakah pembangunan produk baru? Bloom's Taxonomy
- A. Ujian dan pembangunan konsep
- B. Komersilisasi C. Analisis perniagaan
- D. Strategi pembangunan pemasaran

Task – Lower order or higher order cognitive skills?

Study the information on road accidents in Malaysia and write a report on the topic to the Task Force on Road Accidents in Malaysia. Your report should include the necessary statistics on accident trends, possible causes of accidents and suggestions on actions to be taken to reduce the rate of road accidents in Malaysia.

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Task – Lower order or higher order cognitive skills?

Evaluate the strengths and weaknesses of the cognitive domain of Bloom's taxonomy in relation to the Malaysian National Education Philosophy.

### Bloom's Taxonomy

- 1) Knowledge
- 2) Comprehension
- 3) Application
- 4) Analysis
- 5) Synthesis
- 6) Evaluation

# Incorporating generic skills into the question

Improve on this question to incorporate higher order cognitive skills:

1 (a) List the characteristics of Kacil

Nyatakan ciri-ciri kereta Kancil?

(b) What are the characteristics of Naza KIA?

Apakah ciri-ciri kereta Naza KIA

Application

**Analysis** 

**Synthesis** 

Evaluation

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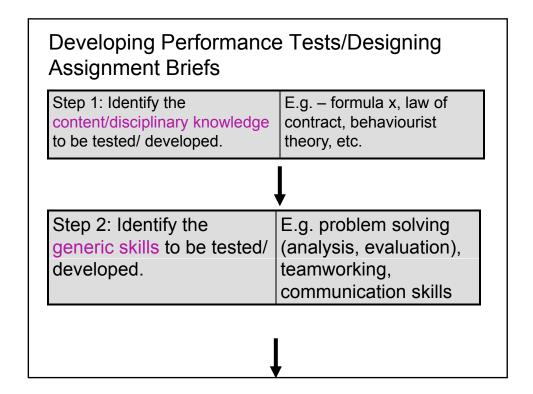
# Incorporating generic skills into the assignment brief

- Include procedures and requirements that entail the practice and application of generic skills. E.g.:
- ♠ visit sites ♠ group work
- ♠ interviewing of practitioners
- ♠ information search
- deadlines
- Examples of Teaching-Learning Activities to Develop Generic Skills

# Incorporating Generic Skills into the Assessment Guide

## **PERFORMANCE TESTS**

- assessment of performance while it is in progress.
- direct measures of learning.
- simulate real-world activities.
- could be used to assess psychomotor skills, cognitive skills, attitudes, social skills.
- could assess process or product.
- suitable for merging teaching with testing.



# Step 3: Write the instructions. Include:

- procedures & requirements that entail the use of content knowledge & generic skills (site visits, interviews, information search, etc.)
- deadlines -
- assessment criteria

# E.g.

- çalculate the cost of...
- work in groups of 4
- present the findings (5 mins per person, everyone to present)
- Date of submission: 9/2/2005
- Marks will be awarded for how you work as a group, etc.

# Workshop: Developing Performance Tests/Designing Assignment Briefs

## Task

In groups, prepare an assignment brief to be given to students. You could select one subject taught by a group member or a general subject which every member of the group has some shared knowledge of.

### Procedure

Step 1: List the <u>content/disciplinary knowledge</u> you wish to test/develop.

Step 2: List the generic skills you wish to develop/test.

Step 3: Write the <u>assignment brief</u>, which should include:

- a) clear instructions on all procedures and requirements
- b) deadlines
- c) assessment criteria

Use the task sheet provided.

Workshop: Developing Performance Tests/ Designing Assignment Briefs

Task Sheet

Content/Disciplinary knowledge tested/developed		
Generic Skills tested/developed		
Assignment Brief (Use additional sheets if necessary.)		

# Incorporating Generic Skills into the Assessment Guide

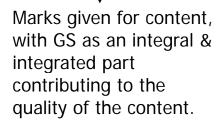
Two forms of assessment for GS:

♣Stand-alone



Marks given explicitly for GS (e.g presentation, teamwork, etc.), separate from content.

Integrated/ Embedded





# Incorporating Generic Skills into the Assessment Guide: Example 1 (Integrated)

Assessment Guideline		
Grade	Descriptors	
A	The paper shows evidence of wide reading beyond what has been taught in class. The candidate demonstrates critical understanding of the topic by reorganising the key issues, views and trends into a well-argued and coherent paper, (i.e. the issues, views, etc. in the paper go beyond mere reportage of the literature surveyed). The candidate is also able to link theory with practical examples, showing excellent understanding of the concepts. Substantial effort has been put into the paper, which is well-organised and carefully edited.	

Preparing an Assessment Guide to assess GS (Stand Alone): Example 2 – Check List

Ability to independently seek information	Assign 1 or 0 points
Included 3 citations	
Interviewed two people	
Included 2 additional points not mentioned in lectures	
References include a journal in current year	

Preparing an Assessment Guide to assess GS (Stand Alone): Example 3 – Rating Scale

Team- working		Star	ndard/Ma	rks	
Criteria/	Α	В	С	D	E
Traits					

Preparing an Assessment Guide to assess GS (Stand Alone): Example 3 – Rating Scale – Cont'd

Teamworking	Standard/Marks				
Criteria/Traits	Α	В	С	D	Е
	V. Gd	Gd	Av.	Below Av.	Weak
Relationship with group members	6	5	4/3	2	1
Contribution to group effort	6	5	4/3	2	1
Responsibility	5	4	3	2	1
Leadership	3	2.5	2	1.5	1
Total	20	16.5	13/11	7.5	4

# Preparing an Assessment Guide to assess GS (Stand Alone): Example 4 – Rating Scale with Descriptors

Team- working	Standard/Marks				
Criteria/ Traits	А	В	С	D	Е
Relationship with group members	6 Excellent working relationship with group members. Tactful use of language	5	4/3 Satisfactory working relationship with	2	1 Poor working relationship with gr. members. Untactful use of language
Contribution to gr effort	6	5	4/3	2	1
Responsibility	5	4	3	2	1
Leadership	3	2.5	2	1.5	1
Total	20	16.5	13/11	7.5	4

Preparing an Assessment Guide to assess GS:Example 5 – Rating Scale with Descriptors (Holistic)

A (marks)	Student possesses excellent working relationship with group members. He/She contributes very actively to the success of the group. He/She is highly responsible and displays excellent leadership qualities.
B (marks)	Student possesses good working relationship with group members. He/She contributes actively to the success of the group. He/She is responsible and displays good leadership qualities.
С	Student

### Example 6: Assessment Guide to assess Problem Solving

### Understanding the problem

- 0 No attempt
- 1 Completely misinterprets the problem
- 2 Misinterprets major part of the problem
- 3 Misinterprets minor part of the problem
- 4 Complete understanding of the problem

## Solving the problem

- 0 No attempt
- 1 Totally inappropriate plan
- 2 Partially correct procedure but with major fault
- 3 Substantially correct procedure with major omission or procedural error
- 4 A plan that could lead to a correct solution with no arithmetic errors

### Answering the problem

- 0 No answer or wrong answer based upon an inappropriate plan
- 1 Copying error, computational error, partial answer for problem with multiple answers; no answer statement; answer labeled incorrectly
- 2 Correct solution

Source: Szetela & Nicol, 1992 cited in Kubiszyn & Borich, 2003.

# Workshop: Preparing an Assessment Guide to assess GS

### Task

In groups, prepare an assessment guide to assess all or some of the UTM Graduate Attributes and or generic skills.

### Procedure

Step 1: Identify the attributes/generic skills you wish to assess.

Step 2: List the criteria for the attributes/generic skills.

Step 3: Decide on the type of assessment guide you wish to design. You may adopt/adapt one of the formats given in the examples or create your own. Remember that your assessment should be reliable, valid, fair and practical. You could use the task sheet provided.

Task Sheet: Preparing an Assessment Guide to assess GS			
	Communication Skills		
Criteria Marks			
1			
2			
3			
	Teamworking		
1			
2			
	Problem Solving		
1			
2			
	Lifelong Learning		
1			
	Adaptability		
1			

# Incorporating Generic Skills into the Assessment Guide

- Inform students of the <u>assessment criteria</u> for washback effect.
- Ensure link between <u>Learning Outcomes</u>, Assignment & Assessment Criteria

# Teknik Menyoal - lisan

- Gunakan soalan yang memerlukan jawapan yang melebihi satu perkataan. (Soalan bercapah -Mengapa, Bagaimana)
- The right question for the right students.
- Berikan masa yang mencukupi utk pelajar menyediakan jawapan./Pastikan 'wait time' yang mencukupi.
- Do not hijack speaking opportunities.

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# Teknik Menyoal - lisan

- Beri peluang kepada seberapa ramai pelajar untuk menjawab soalan/memberi pendapat.
- Jangan menghampiri pelajar yang bersuara perlahan.
- Berikan galakan/respons kepada jawapan yang diberi.
- Soalan sebelum nama, bukan nama sebelum soalan.

# GS Development in Action: Sharing of experience

Early semester: Self-Assessment of GS

Step 1: Preparing assignment brief

Step 2: Training in group work- cooperative learning

- Designing teamwork rules

Step 3: Implementation of project/ assignment

Step 4: Assessment

Step 5: Reflective Notes/Learning Portfolio

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REFLECTION

## GS Development in Action: Sharing of experience

What students write in their reflective notes

### Lifelong Learning

■ Through the project work, I have established self study skills. I learned how to manage my time by balancing between times for leisure, assignment and revising. The project works help me to realize the importance of library and knowledge in using online references.

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# GS Development in Action: Sharing of experience

What students write in their reflective notes

## Lifelong Learning

When I did my project I feel more independent. I seldom go to library to search for information, but through out this project I learned something new. I spent most of my time at the library to search for information. I normally do not know where to search for certain book in the library because there are a lot of sections there. But now I can tell that I already now where each book is situated. I feel more comfortable and confident with myself.



# Pewelopment in Action: Sharing of experience

### What students write in their reflective notes

### Self-Esteem

From the activities in this subject, I did acquire a lot of knowledge and essential skills. I realize that I become more confident with myself especially during presentation and I can work independently. This is totally different than who I am initially. The group work activities with different people and knowledge acquired lead me to think positively and confidently.

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# GS Development in Action: Sharing of experience

What students write in their reflective notes

## Self-Esteem

1) What have I learnt?

I have learnt to have more confidence in myself especially through assignment 2 which requires me to give a presentation in front of the class. I was really anxious at first for I was aware that I was going to present in front of a group of people whom I was not familiar with....I know know that I should believe in myself and not thinking negatively all the time.



## ii) How can I improve?

I should learn to build faith in myself. I admit I suffered self-rejection from past experiences and this condition really lowered my self-esteem. But I'm learning to let it go. As what I state earlier, I hope that I will be able to grow wholly as a person; this involves having a sense of maturity mentally, spiritually and emotionally.

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# GS Development in Action: Sharing of experience

What students write in their reflective notes

## **Teamworking**

Every time when a lecturer gives out a group work assignment, I will normally join with my own members. I rarely work with other course mate since the lecturer never bother who we work with as long as we form a group with enough number of students required. However, through the activities in this subject, I was required to work with other course mate. From here, I have opportunity to interact with others students... Through the experience I gain, I believe that we as a learner should give ourselves an opportunity to work with different people in order to gain more understanding...



# **MONITORING**

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# Monitoring the Development of GS

- Using Student Portfolio to raise student awareness.
- Conducting Action Research

