

Factory and Machinery Act 1967

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FMA 1967 in a nutshell

An Act to provide for

the control of factories with respect to matters relating to the safety, health and welfare of person therein,

the registration and inspection of machinery and for matters connected therewith

General Characteristics

Definition of a «factory»

This act is superceded by the OSHA 1994 in case of conflict between the two

Contain general provisions pertaining to manufacturing, mining and construction

Inspectors

Appointment of Chief Inspectors, Deputies and other officers

Inspectors can enter a premise, collect records, take samples, shut down machineries that are found to be in violation of this act

Chief Inspector can give exemption to a particular factory on his discretion

Obstructing an Inspector in duty is an offense,
fine not exceeding RM200,000 OR
imprisonment not exceeding 5 years OR
both

Safety, Health and Environment

- Factory safety provisions: structural soundness, environment, workspace, storage
- Elimination of risk of bodily harm: fire, explosion, lifting activity, machinery design
- certificate of fitness for machine operator
- PPE, workers welfare and comfort



Person in Charge and Certificate of Competency

Machine operator must be adequately trained,
or else be under the supervision of a trained person, if allowed



Notifying the authority

Notification of accident and dangerous occurrence and dangerous diseases

Notification of occupation of factory and registration and use of machinery

THE END