Advanced Manufacturing

CNC Programming

Lecture 14, 15

20 January 2009

Assoc Prof Zainal Abidin Ahmad

Overview

A numerical control, or "NC", system controls many machine functions and movements which were traditionally performed by skilled machinists.

Numerical control developed out of the need to meet the requirements of high production rates, uniformity and consistent part quality.

Programmed instructions are converted into output signals which in turn control machine operations such as spindle speeds, tool selection, tool movement, and cutting fluid flow.

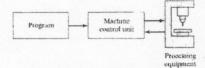
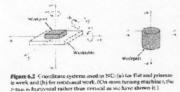


Figure 6.1 Basic components of an NC system. 20 January 2009 Assoc Prof Zainal Abidin Ahma

Basic CNC Principles

All computer controlled machines are able to accurately and repeatedly control motion in various directions. Each of these directions of motion is called an axis. Depending on the machine type there are commonly two to five axes.

Additionally, a CNC axis may be either a linear axis in which movement is in a straight line, or a rotary axis with motion following a circular path.

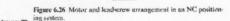


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along with the computer controls that govern them, are referred to as an axis drive system.

to transfer the power from the servo drive motor to

the mechanical component. These components,



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Overview

By integrating a computer processor, computer numerical control, or "CNC" as it is now known, allows part machining programs to be edited and stored in the computer memory as well as permitting diagnostics and quality control functions during the actual machining.

All CNC machining begins with a part program, which is a sequential instructions or coded commands that direct the specific machine functions. The part program may be manually generated or, more commonly, generated by computer aided part programming systems.



nt old CNC lathe with hyd 10 Assoc Prof Zainal Abidin Ahmad

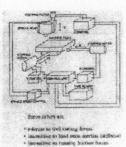
Each axis consists of a mechanical component, such as a slide that moves, a servo drive motor that powers the mechanical movement, and a ball screw

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Basic CNC Principles

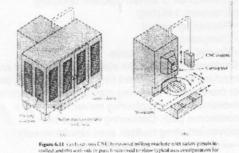
Using a vertical mill machining center as an example, there are typically three linear axes of motion. Each is given an alphabetic designation or address. The machine table motion side to side is called the "X" axis. Table movement in and out is the "Y" axis, while head movement up and down the column is the "Z" axis.



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Basic CNC Principles If a rotary table is added to the machine table, then the fourth axis is designated the "b" axis.



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Work Positioning

The method of accurate work positioning in relation to the cutting tool is called the "rectangular coordinate system." On the vertical mill, the horizontal base line is designated the "X" axis, while the vertical base line is designated the "Y" axis. The "Z" axis is at a right angle, perpendicular to both the "X" and "Y" axes.

Increments for all base lines are specified in linear measurements, for most machines the smallest increment is one ten-thousandth of an inch (.0001). If the machine is graduated in metric the smallest increment is usually one thousandth of a millimeter (.001mm).

The rectangular coordinate system allows the mathematical plotting of points in space. These points or locations are called "coordinates." The coordinates in turn relate to the tool center and dictate the "tool path" through the work.

CNC Programming Basics

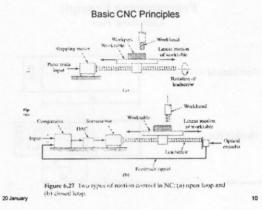
CNC instructions are called part program commands.

When running, a part program is interpreted one command line at a time until all lines are completed.

Commands, which are also referred to as blocks, are made up of words which each begin with a letter address and end with a numerical value.

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CNC Programming Basics

- Each letter address relates to a specific machine function. "G" and "M" letter addresses are two of the most common. A "G" letter specifies certain machine preparations such as inch or metric modes, or absolutes versus incremental modes.
- A "M" letter specifies miscellaneous machine functions and work like on/off switches for coolant flow, tool changing, or spindle rotation. Other letter addresses are used to direct a wide variety of other machine commands.

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Program Command Parameters

Optimum machine programming requires consideration of certain machine operating parameters including:

- Positioning control
- Compensations
- Special machine features

Positioning control is the ability to program tool and machine slide movement simultaneously along two or more axes. Positioning may be for point-to-point movement or for contouring movement along a continuous path. Contouring requires tool movement along multiple axes simultaneously. 20 January 2009 Assoc Prof Zainal Abidin Ahmad 13

Program Command Parameters

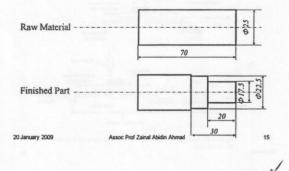
- Contouring requires tool movement along multiple axes simultaneously. This movement is referred to as "Interpolation" which is the process of calculating intermediate values between specific points along a programmed path and outputting those values as a precise motion.
- Interpolation may be linear having just a start and end point along a straight line, or circular which requires an end point, a center and a direction around the arc.

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Programming Example Cylindrical Part





Program Interpretation

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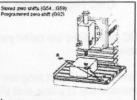
O0013 Program identification number

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Programming Example Cylindrical Part 00013 N0005 G53 N0010 T0303 N0020 G57 G00 X26.00 Z0.0 S500 M04 N0030 G01 X-0.20 F100 N0040 G00 Z2.0 N0050 X50.0 Z50.0 N0060 T0404 N0070 G57 G00 X22.50 Z2.0 S500 N0080 G01 Z-30.0 F100 N0090 G00 X23.0 Z2.0 S500 N0100 G84 X17.5 Z-20.0 D₀=200 D₂=200 D₃=650 N0110 G00 Z2.0 N0120 X50.0 Z50.0 N0130 M30 Assoc Prof Zainal Abidin Ahmad 2009

Program Interpretation

00013 N0005 G53 To cancel any previous working zero point



M = Machine zero point 05 v0 Zha W = Part zero point workpiece sto GS4 ... GSP the actual machine :

nder G92 the actual machine c sec on the G92 line of the part

Fig. 13 The relationship between the p /Deckei Maho, Inc. J

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Program Interpretation

O0013 N0005 G53 N0010 T0303 N0010 Sequence number T0303 Select tool number 303

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Program	Interpretation

 00013

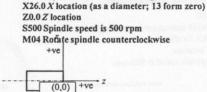
 N0005 G53

 N0010 T0404

 N0020 G57 G00 X26.0 Z0.0 S500 M04

 G57 To set the working zero point as saved

 G00 Rapid movement (no cutting)



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Program Interpretation

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O0013 N0005 G53 N0010 T0404 N0020 G57 G00 X26.00 Z0.0 S500 M04 N0030 G01 X-0.20 F100

G01 Linear interpolation (cutting) X-0.20 Move only in x direction until you pass the center by 0.1 mm (facing) F100 Set feed rate to 100 mm/min.

Program Interpretation

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00013 N0005 G53 N0010 T0404 N0020 G57 G00 X26.00 Z0.0 S500 M04 N0030 G01 X-0.20 F100 N0040 G00 Z2.0

G00 Move rapidly away from workpiece (no cutting) Z2.0 the movement is 2 mm away from the face.

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Program Interpretation

O0013

N0005 G53 N0010 T0404 N0020 G57 G00 X26.00 Z0.0 S500 M04 N0030 G01 X-0.20 F100 N0040 G00 Z2.0 N0050 X50.0 Z50.0

Go to a safe location away from the workpiece [x = 50 (25 from zero), z = 50] to change the tool.

Program Interpretation

00013 N0005 G53 N0010 T0404 N0020 G57 G00 X26.00 Z0.0 S500 M04 N0030 G01 X-0.20 F100 N0040 G00 Z2.0 N0050 X50.0 Z50.0 N0050 T0404

T0404 Select tool number 404

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Program Interpretation

00013 N0005 G53 N0010 T0404 N0020 G57 G00 X26.00 Z0.0 S500 M04 N0030 G01 X-0.20 F100 N0040 G00 Z2.0 N0050 X50.0 Z50.0 N0050 T0404 N0070 G57 G00 X22.50 Z2.0 S500

G57 PS0 G00 Rapid movement (no cutting) X22.50 X location (as a diameter; 11.25 form zero) Z2.0 Z location S500 Spindle speed is 500 rpm

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Program Interpretation

 00013

 N0005 G53

 N010 T0404

 N0020 G57 G00 X26.00 Z0.0 S500 M04

 N0030 G01 X-0.20 F100

 N0040 G00 Z2.0

 N0050 X50.0 Z50.0

 N0060 T0404

 N0070 G57 G00 X25.00 Z2.0 S500 M04

 N0080 G01 X22.5 Z-70.0 F100

 N0090 G00 X23.0 Z2.0 S500

G00 Move rapidly away from workpiece (no cutting) to location x = 23.0 (11.50 from zero) and z = 2.0.

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Program Interpretation

O0013 N0005 G53 N0010 T0404 N0020 G57 G00 X26.00 Z0.0 S500 M04 N0030 G01 X-0.20 F100 N0040 G00 Z2.0 N0050 X50.0 Z50.0 N0060 T0404 N0070 G57 G00 X25.00 Z2.0 S500 M04 N0080 G01 X22.5 Z-70.0 F100 N0090 G00 X26.0 Z2.0 S500 N0100 G84 X17.5 Z-20.0 D₀=200 D₂=200 D₃=650 N0110 G00 Z2.0

G00 Move rapidly away from workpiece (no cutting) Z2.0 the movement is 2 mm away from the face.

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O0013 N0005 G53 N0010 T0404 N0020 G57 G00 X26.00 Z0.0 S500 M04 N0030 G01 X-0.20 F100 N0060 T0404 N0070 G57 G00 X25.00 Z2.0 S500 M04 N0080 G01 Z-30.0 F100 G01 Linear interpolation (cutting) Z-30 Move only in z direction (external turning) F100 Set feed rate to 100 mm/min.

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Program Interpretation

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 Program Interpretation

 00013

 N0006 G53

 N0010 T0404

 N0020 G57 G00 X25.00 Z0.0 S500 M04

 N0030 G01 X-0.20 F100

 N0065 C53.00 Z0.0 S500 M04

 N0050 G01 X-0.20 F100

 N0060 T0404

 N0070 G57 G00 X25.00 Z2.0 S500 M04

 N0080 G01 X22.5 Z-70.0 F100

 N0080 G01 X22.5 Z-70.0 F100

 N0080 G00 X26.0 Z2.0 S500

 N0100 G84 X17.5 Z-20.0 D0=200 D2=200 D3=650

 G84 Turning cycle for machining the step

 X17.5 final diameter

 Z-20 length of step is 20 mm

 D0=200 Finish allowance in X direction (0.2 mm)

D0=200 Finish allowance in X direction (0.2 mm) D2=200 Finish allowance in Z direction (0.2 mm) 20 Jawary 203=650 Depth of cuttoric passe (0.65 mm)

Program Interpretation

O0013 N0005 G53 N0010 T0404 N0020 G57 G00 X26.00 Z0.0 S500 M04 N0030 G01 X-0.20 F100 N0040 G00 Z2.0 N0050 X50.0 Z50.0 N0050 T0404 N0070 G57 G00 X25.00 Z2.0 S500 M04 N0080 G01 X22.5 Z-70.0 F100 N0980 G00 X26.0 Z2.0 S500 N0100 G84 X17.5 Z-20.0 D_g=200 D₂=200 D₃=650 N0110 G00 Z2.0 N0120 X50.0 Z50.0

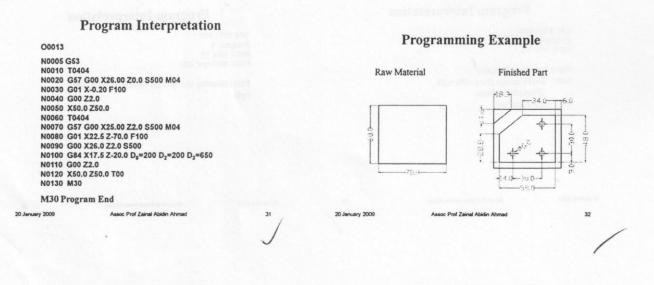
X50.0 Z50.0 Move to the tool changing location

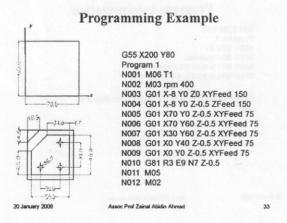
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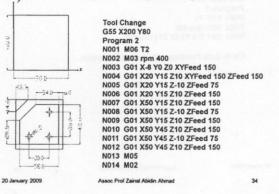
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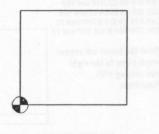




Program Interpretation

G55 X200 Y80

Setting the datum to the lower left corner of the work piece



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Program Interpretation

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G55 X200 Y80 Program 1

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Program Identification Number

Program Interpretation

G55 X200 Y80 Program 1 N001 M06 T1

N001 Sequence Number M06 Tool Change (End Mill with Diameter=12mm T1 Tool Number

Program Interpretation

G55 X200 Y80 Program 1 N001 M06 T1 N002 M03 rpm 400

Start rotating the spindle clockwise with 400 rpm

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Program Interpretation

G55 X200 Y80 Program 1 N001 M06 T1 N002 M03 rpm 400 N003 G01 X-8 Y0 Z0 XYFeed 150

Go to Safe Position with feed 150mm/min

Program Interpretation

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G55 X200 Y80 Program 1 N001 M06 T1 N002 M03 rpm 400 N003 G01 X-8 Y0 Z0 XYFeed 150 N004 G01 X-8 Y0 Z-0.5 ZFeed 150

Lower the end mill to determine the depth of cut

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Program Interpretation

G55 X200 Y80 Program 1 N001 M06 T1 N002 M03 rpm 400 N003 G01 X-8 Y0 Z0 XYFeed 150 N004 G01 X-8 Y0 Z-0.5 ZFeed 150 N005 G01 X70 Y0 Z-0.5 XYFeed 75

Move from the lower left corner of the work piece to the right lower one cutting with feed=75mm/min

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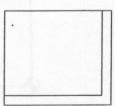
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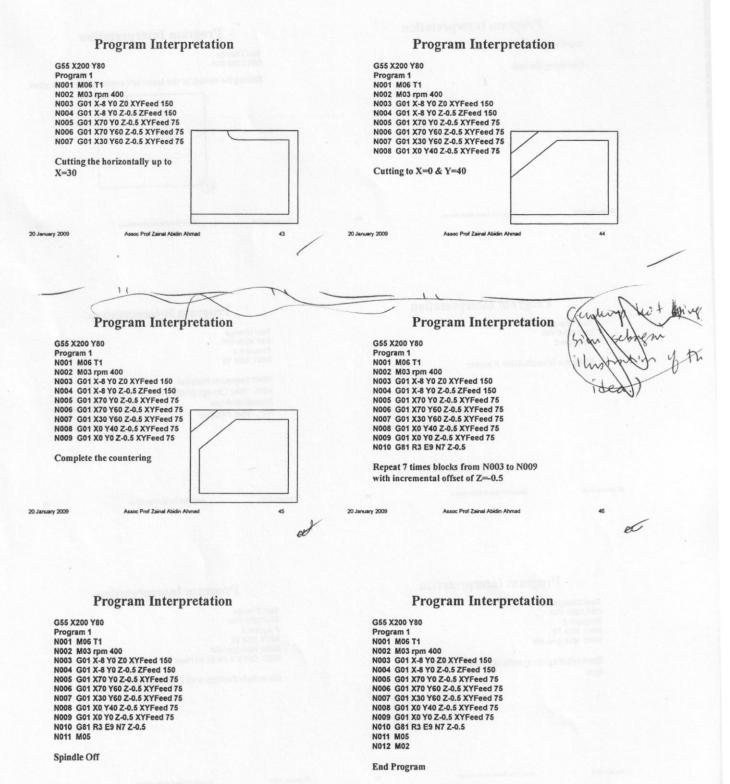
Program Interpretation

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G55 X200 Y80 Program 1 N001 M06 T1 N002 M03 rpm 400 N003 G01 X-8 Y0 Z0 XYFeed 150 N004 G01 X-8 Y0 Z0.5 XYFeed 75 N006 G01 X70 Y0 Z-0.5 XYFeed 75 Move from the lower left corner of the work piece to the right lower one cutting with feed=75mm/min



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Program Interpretation

Program Interpretation

Tool Change G55 X200 Y80

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Setting the datum to the lower left corner of the work piece



Program Interpretation

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Tool Change G55 X200 Y80 Program 2

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Tool Change Changing the tool

Program Identification Number

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Program Interpretation

Tool Change G55 X200 Y80 Program 2 N001 M06 T2

N001 Sequence Number M06 Tool Change (Drill with Diameter=6mm T2 Tool Number

Program Interpretation

Tool Change G55 X200 Y80 Program 2 N001 M06 T2 N002 M03 rpm 400

Start rotating the spindle clockwise with 400 rpm

Program Interpretation

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Tool Change G55 X200 Y80 Program 2 N001 M06 T2 N002 M03 rpm 400 N003 G01 X-8 Y0 Z0 XYFeed 150

Go to Safe Position with feed 150mm/min

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Program Interpretation

Tool Change G55 X200 Y80 Program 2 N001 M06 T2 N002 M03 rpm 400 N003 G01 X-8 Y0 Z0 XYFeed 150 N004 G01 X20 Y15 Z10 XYFeed 150 ZFeed 150

Stop above the center of the first hole

Program Interpretation

Tool Change G55 X200 Y80 Program 2 N001 M06 T2 N002 M03 rpm 400 N003 G01 X-8 Y0 Z0 XYFeed 150 N004 G01 X20 Y15 Z10 XYFeed 150 ZFeed 150 N005 G01 X20 Y15 Z-10 ZFeed 75 Start Drill the first hole Φ 20 January 2009 Assoc Prof Zainal Abidin Ahr

Program Interpretation

Program Interpretation

Program 2 No01 M06 T2 No02 M03 rpm 400 N003 G01 X-8 Y0 Z0 XYFeed 150 N004 G01 X20 Y15 Z10 XYFeed 150 ZFeed 150

N005 G01 X20 Y15 Z10 X1Feed 15 N005 G01 X20 Y15 Z-10 ZFeed 75 N006 G01 X20 Y15 Z10 ZFeed 150 N007 G01 X50 Y15 Z10 ZFeed 150 N008 G01 X50 Y15 Z-10 ZFeed 75

Drill the second hole

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Tool Change G55 X200 Y80 Program 2 N001 M06 T2 N002 M03 rpm 400 N003 G01 X-8 Y0 Z0 XYFeed 150 N004 G01 X20 Y15 Z10 XYFeed 150 ZFeed 150 N005 G01 X20 Y15 Z-10 ZFeed 75 N006 G01 X20 Y15 Z10 ZFeed 150

Retract to a position above the hole

Program Interpretation

Tool Change G55 X200 Y80 Program 2 Program 2 No01 M06 T2 No02 M03 rpm 400 N003 G01 X-8 Y0 Z0 XYFeed 150 N004 G01 X20 Y15 Z10 XYFeed 150 ZFeed 150 N005 G01 X20 Y15 Z-10 ZFeed 75 N006 G01 X20 Y15 Z10 ZFeed 150 N007 G01 X50 Y15 Z10 ZFeed 150

Stop above the center of the second hole

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Tool Change G55 X200 Y80

Program 2

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Program Interpretation

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Tool Change G55 X200 Y80 Program 2 N001 M06 T2 N002 M03 rpm 400 N003 G01 X.8 Y0 Z0 XYFeed 150 N004 G01 X20 Y15 Z10 XYFeed 150 ZFeed 150 N005 G01 X20 Y15 Z-10 ZFeed 75 N006 G01 X20 Y15 Z-10 ZFeed 150 N006 G01 X20 Y15 Z10 ZFeed 150 N007 G01 X50 Y15 Z10 ZFeed 150 N008 G01 X50 Y15 Z-10 ZFeed 75 N009 G01 X50 Y15 Z10 ZFeed 150

Retract to a position above the second hole

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Program Interpretation

Tool Change G55 X200 Y80 Program 2 N001 M06 T2 N002 M03 rpm 400 N003 G01 X-8 Y0 Z0 XYFeed 150 N004 G01 X20 Y15 Z10 XYFeed 150 ZFeed 150 N005 G01 X20 Y15 Z10 ZFeed 150 N007 G01 X20 Y15 Z10 ZFeed 150 N008 G01 X50 Y15 Z10 ZFeed 75 N008 G01 X50 Y15 Z10 ZFeed 75 N009 G01 X50 Y15 Z10 ZFeed 150 N010 G01 X50 Y45 Z10 ZFeed 150

Stop above the center of the third hole

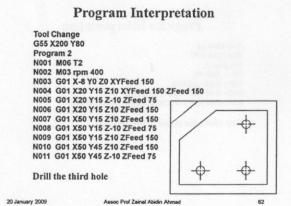
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Program Interpretation

Tool Change G55 X200 Y80 Program 2 N001 M06 T2 N002 M03 rpm 400 N003 G01 X-8 Y0 Z0 XYFeed 150 N004 G01 X20 Y15 Z10 XYFeed 150 ZFeed 150 N005 G01 X20 Y15 Z10 ZFeed 150 N007 G01 X20 Y15 Z10 ZFeed 150 N008 G01 X50 Y15 Z10 ZFeed 150 N008 G01 X50 Y15 Z10 ZFeed 150 N019 G01 X50 Y15 Z10 ZFeed 150 N011 G01 X50 Y45 Z10 ZFeed 150 N011 G01 X50 Y45 Z10 ZFeed 150

Retract to a position above the third hole

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Program Interpretation

 Tool Change

 G55 X200 Y80

 Program 2

 N001 M06 T2

 N002 M03 rpm 400

 N003 G01 X.48 Y0 20 XYFeed 150

 N004 G01 X20 Y15 Z10 XYFeed 150 ZFeed 150

 N005 G01 X20 Y15 Z10 ZFeed 75

 N006 G01 X20 Y15 Z10 ZFeed 150

 N007 G01 X50 Y15 Z10 ZFeed 150

 N008 G01 X50 Y15 Z10 ZFeed 150

 N009 G01 X50 Y15 Z10 ZFeed 150

 N010 G01 X50 Y45 Z10 ZFeed 150

 N011 G01 X50 Y45 Z10 ZFeed 150

 N011 G01 X50 Y45 Z10 ZFeed 150

 N012 G01 X50 Y45 Z10 ZFeed 150

 N013 M05

Spindle off 20 January 2009

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Program Interpretation

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	Tool Change
	G55 X200 Y80
	Program 2
	N001 M06 T2
	N002 M03 rpm 400
	N003 G01 X-8 Y0 Z0 XYFeed 150
	N004 G01 X20 Y15 Z10 XYFeed 150 ZFeed 150
	N005 G01 X20 Y15 Z-10 ZFeed 75
	N006 G01 X20 Y15 Z10 ZFeed 150
	N007 G01 X50 Y15 Z10 ZFeed 150
	N008 G01 X50 Y15 Z-10 ZFeed 75
	N009 G01 X50 Y15 Z10 ZFeed 150
	N010 G01 X50 Y45 Z10 ZFeed 150
	N011 G01 X50 Y45 Z-10 ZFeed 75
	N012 G01 X50 Y45 Z10 ZFeed 150
	N013 M05
	N014 M02
20 Ja	End Program Assoc Prof Zainal Abidin Ahmad

Program Interpretation

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 Tool Change

 G55 X200 Y80

 Program 2

 N001 M06 T2

 N002 M03 rpm 400

 N003 G01 X-8 Y0 Z0 XYFeed 150

 N004 G01 X20 Y15 Z10 XYFeed 150

 N005 G01 X20 Y15 Z10 XYFeed 150

 N006 G01 X20 Y15 Z10 ZFeed 150

 N007 G01 X50 Y15 Z10 ZFeed 150

 N008 G01 X50 Y15 Z10 ZFeed 150

 N009 G01 X50 Y15 Z10 ZFeed 150

 N010 G01 X50 Y45 Z10 ZFeed 150

 N011 G01 X50 Y45 Z10 ZFeed 150

 N011 G01 X50 Y45 Z10 ZFeed 150

 N012 G01 X50 Y45 Z10 ZFeed 150

 N013 M05

 N014 M02

 End Program

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